15-494/694: Cognitive Robotics Dave Touretzky

Lecture 14:

Code Lab (Scratch 3.0)



Image from http://www.futuristgerd.com/2015/09/10

Scratch

- Visual programming language for K-12.
- Created by Mitchel Resnick at MIT and Brian Silverman and Paula Bonta of the Playful Invention Company (Montreal).
- First released in 2003; still evolving.



Mitchel Resnick, head of the Lifelong Kindergarten Group at MIT.

Scratch Language

- Drag and drop GUI editor:
 - Blocks organized into semantic categories.
 - Shapes indicates syntactic constraints
 - Prevents syntax errors



Scratch User Interface



Scratch Semantics

- A graphics programming language
- Characters are called "sprites":
 - Move in a 2D world
 - Can change appearance (costumes)
 - Can detect contact with other sprites
- Also has turtle graphics drawing functions

- Pen down, forward, turn, etc.

- Can play sounds, do image manipulations
- Detect "events" such as user input

Scratch Blocks



Scratch Jr.

 Developed by Marina Bers at Tufts University, the MIT Lifelong Kindergarten Group, and Playful Invention Co.



Marina Bers

- Linear language for kids ages 5-7:
 - No nesting (except repeat block)
 - No conditionals
 - No variables

Scratch Jr. Interface



Good Things About Scratch

- Avoids syntax errors.
- Program state is visible:
 - The contents of the 2D "stage"
 - Variable values automatically displayed
- Immediate execution mode aids experimentation.
- "Low floor; high ceiling."
- Scratch 3.0 runs in the browser and uses HTML5 graphics.

Limitations of Scratch

- Primitives are too low level
 - Screen coordinates, angles
 - Difficult to reason about program behavior
- No support for state machines.
- Can't operate on collections of sprites.
- No user-defined functions.
- Non-trivial programs are just as tedious as in Python or Java.

Successors to Scratch

- Snap (from UC Berkeley) extends Scratch:
 - User-defined functions
 - Lambda expressions; closures
 - Arrays
 - Object-oriented sprite hierarchy
- Blockly
 - Generic blocks-based language created by Google
 - Used as the basis for many other blocksbased programming frameworks

Code Lab

Do more with Cozmo than ever before.





Sandbox Mode

The best place to start coding.

Simply snap together code blocks to create your first project! Complete challenges to grow your skills.

SEE HOW IT WORKS »

Constructor Mode

Take your coding skills to the next level.

With concepts like branching and variables, create complex projects with endless possibilities.

SEE SAMPLE PROJECTS »

Code Lab : Scratch

- Code Lab is built on Scratch 3.0
- Runs inside the Cozmo app
- Primitives mirror those of the Python SDK:
 - Detect cubes, faces, cube taps
 - Manipulate cubes
 - Play sounds and animations

Sandbox Mode



Drive

You control which direction Cozmo goes and how fast he gets there. Add how far with a simple drop down.



Actions

Use his lift, control his head, and light up his backpack. You can even command him to speak short phrases.





Constructor Mode



Low-Level Control



Constructor Mode Project



Drive

- drive [X] mm at [y] mm/s
- turn [X]° at [Y] °/s
- drive left wheel [X] mm/s, right [Y] mm/s
- stop [wheels | head | lift | all]
- dock with Cube [#]
- navigate [X] forward, [Y] to side, [Z] $^{\rm o}$
- navigate in world to [X] x, [Y] y, [Z] $^{\circ}$



- say [text]
- move lift [X] °/s
- move lift to [X] % at [Y] %
- move head to [X]° at [Y] °/sec
- set backpack light [color]
- on Cube [#] set [all lights | light #] to [color]
- on cube [#] [spin | blink] lights in [color]

Animations

- play [animation name] animation
- enable: [wheels | head | lift] in animations
- disable: [wheels | head | lift] in animations
- play [sound name] sound
- play [sound name] sound and wait
- stop [sound name] sound
- play [text] SDK animation
- play [text] SDK animation group

Events

- when
 clicked
- when Cube [#] tapped
- when Cube [#] moved
- when face seen
- when [happy | sad] face seen
- when [message#] received
- broadcast [message#]
- broadcast [message#] and wait to complete

Control (1/2)

- wait [X] secs
- repeat [X]
- forever
- if (condition) then [A]
- if (condition) then [A] else [B]
- wait until (condition)
- repeat until (condition)

Control (2/2)

- stop [all | this script]
- stop [driving | moving head | moving lift | animations | saying text | everything]
- wait for Cozmo to finish [...]
- enable: always wait for Cozmo to finish
- disable: always wait for Cozmo to finish

Sensors (1/3)

- Cozmo lift height %
- Cozmo head angle °
- is Cozmo picked up
- Cozmo [pitch | roll | yaw] °
- Cozmo position [X | Y | Z] in world

Sensors (2/3)

- is face visible
- face expression
- face name
- face position in camera [X | Y]
- face position in world [X | Y | Z]

Sensors (3/3)

- was Cube [#] tapped
- last tapped Cube
- is Cube [#] visible
- Cube [#] [pitch | roll | yaw] ° in camera
- Cube [#] position in camera [X | Y]
- Cube [#] position in world [X | Y | Z]
- device [pitch | roll | yaw] °
- current [year | month | date | day-of-week | hour | minute | second]

Display (1/2)

- display on Cozmo's face
- clear all pixels
- draw [text] at [X],[Y]
- set text scale to [X] %
- set text alignment to [top | center | bottom] [left | center | right]
- draw line from [X],[Y] to [X2],[Y2]
- draw rectangle from [X],[Y] to [X2],[Y2]
- fill rectangle from [X],[Y] to [X2],[Y2]

Display (2/2)

- draw circle at [X],[Y] with radius [Z]
- fill circle at [X],[Y] with radius [Z]
- set drawing mode to [draw | erase] pixels

Operators (1/2)

- Arithmetic: + * /
- Comparison: < = >
- Boolean: and or not
- pick random [X] to [Y]
- [X] mod [Y]
- round [X]
- Math: abs, floor, ceiling, sqrt, sin, cos, tan, asin, acos, atan, ln, log, e[^], 10[^]

Boolean valued (hexagon shape)

Operators (2/2)

- Join [text1] and [text2]
- letter [#] of [text]
- length of [text]
- [text1] contains [text2]



- [Create variable ...]
- set [variable] to [X]
- change [variable] by [X]

Assessment of Code Lab

- Easier than Python SDK:
 - Runs directly in the app: no USB cables!
 - No syntax errors
- What's missing?
 - No camera viewer
 - No world map
 - No state machine support
 - No way to detect failed actions
 - No high level primitives (grab, roll, stack)