

Postures and Motion Sequences

15-494 Cognitive Robotics
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How to Move the Body

1. Set joint angles directly with a Motion Command.
 - HeadPointerMC::setJoints(...)
2. Specify a desired effect with a Motion Command.
 - HeadPointerMC::lookAtPoint(...), or WalkMC
3. Load a pre-defined posture from a posture file.
4. Play a pre-defined motion sequence from a .mot file.
5. Solve inverse kinematics problems for effector positions.
6. “Kinesthetic intelligence”: reasoning about balance, friction, joint loads, etc.

What is a “Posture”?

- A set of zero or more effector settings:
 - effector name (e.g., LFr:knee, or LED:blue)
 - effector value (joint angle; LED state)
 - weight (normally 1.0)
- Why are there weights?
 - Permits smooth blending of postures
- The PostureEngine class:
 - used to construct or store a posture
 - can take a “snapshot” of the robot's current state
 - can load from / save to a posture (.pos) file

Posture File: Simple Form

#POS

RFr:rotor	0.0000
RFr:sweep	-0.7402
RFr:elvtr	0.9454
RFr:knee	2.1954
LFr:sweep	0.3656
LFr:elvtr	0.8434
LFr:knee	1.9559
RMd:sweep	0.2077
RMd:elvtr	0.9346
RMd:knee	1.9206
LMd:sweep	0.1554
LMd:elvtr	0.8482
LMd:knee	1.8982
RBk:sweep	0.4219
RBk:elvtr	0.9658
RBk:knee	1.9334
LBk:sweep	-0.1051
LBk:elvtr	0.9052
LBk:knee	1.9633

ARM:elbow	0.0000
ARM:wristYaw	0.0000
ARM:wristPitch	0.0000
ARM:wristRoll	0.0000
ARM:gripper	0.0000
NECK:pan	0.0000
NECK:tilt	0.0000
LED:blue	0.0000
LED:green	0.0000
LED:yellow	0.0000
LED:red	0.0000
LED:RFr:knee	0.0000
LED:LFr:knee	0.0000
LED:RMd:knee	0.0000
LED:LMd:knee	0.0000
LED:RBk:knee	0.0000
LED:LBk:knee	0.0000
LED:NECK:pan	0.0000

#END



angle in radians

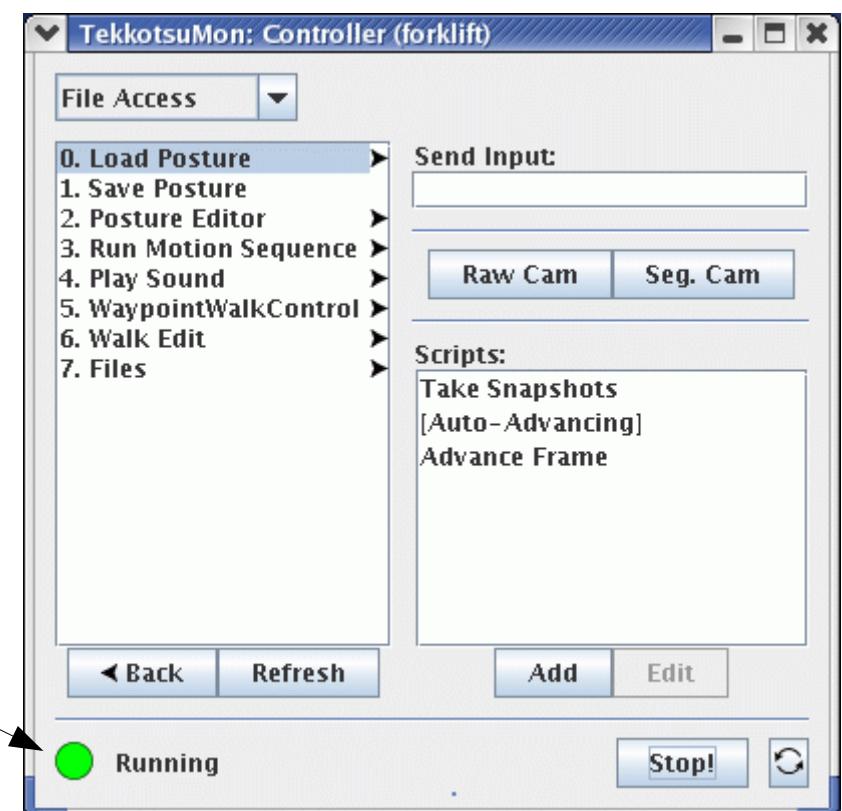
Posture File: Condensed Form

Used by RawCamViewer when saving a snapshot.

```
#POS
condensed Chiara
meta-info = 59402 1856
outputs = 0 -0.199139 0.956064 2.31235 0.536929
          0.805126 1.86361 0.0729802 0.950054 1.96743 0.0681147
          0.856896 1.91196 0.212713 0.961196 1.93583 -0.387357
          0.871718 1.85883 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
buttons = 0 0 0
sensors = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
pidduties = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
#END
```

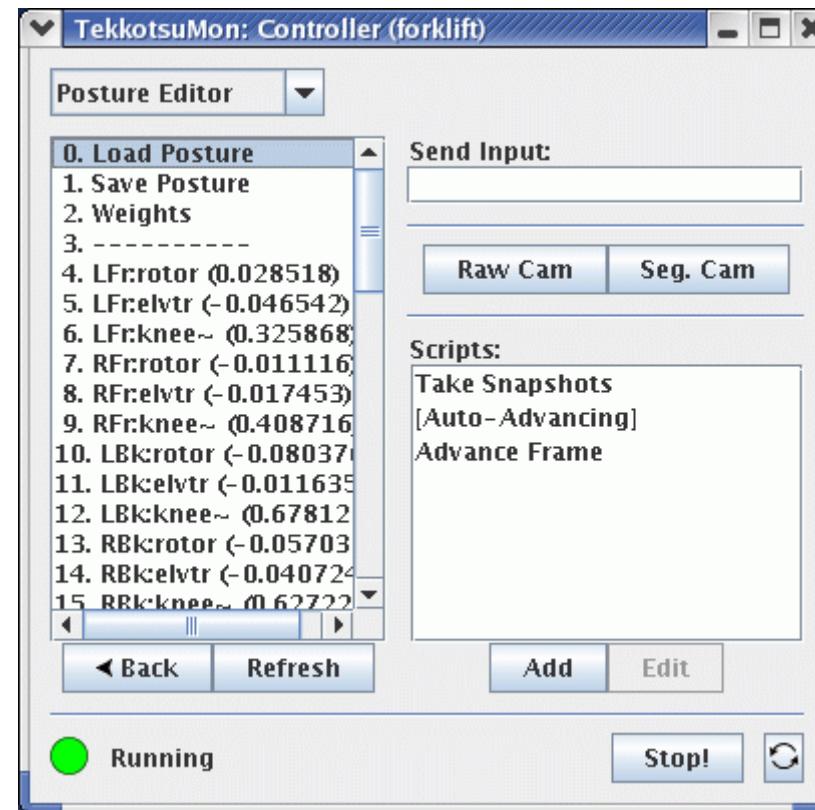
Pre-Defined Posture Files

- Stored in project/ms/data/motion/*.pos
 - For AIBO: stand.pos, situp.pos, liedown.pos, pounce.pos, rkick.pos
 - For Chiara: none yet
- Root Control > File Access > Load Posture
- Make sure Emergency Stop is off.



Posture Editor

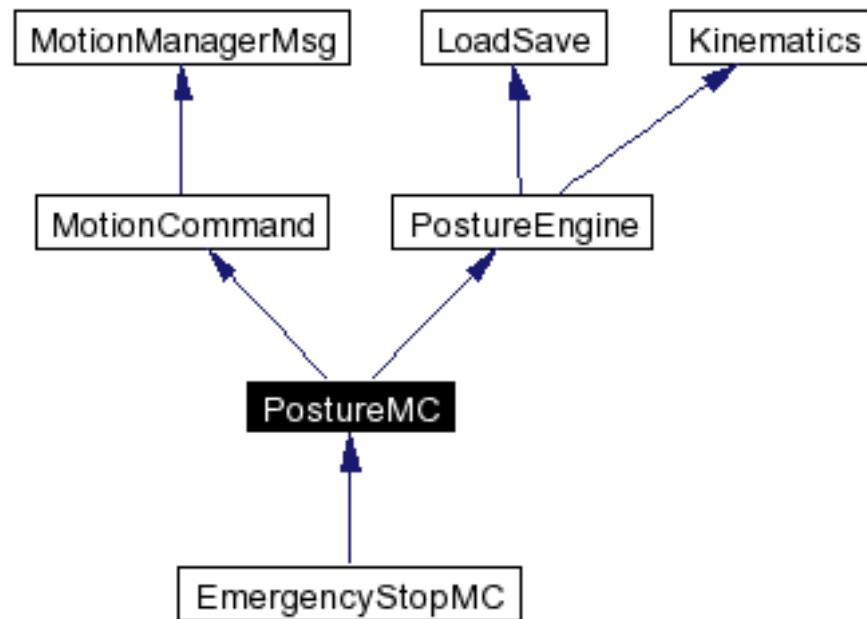
- Root Control > File Access > Posture Editor



- Turn on Relax mode and move the limbs.
- Save the file; then edit to remove irrelevant effectors.

PostureMC

- PostureMC \equiv PostureEngine + MotionCommand



- Moves the effectors directly to the specified positions.
- Can optionally hold that position until deactivated.
- loadFile can be used to load a posture file.

Effector Names

- Legs:

- LFrLegOffset, RFrLegOffset
- LMdLegOffset, RMdLegOffset
- LBkLegOffset, RBkLegOffset

within each leg:

- SweepOffset
- ElevatorOffset
- KneeOffset

e.g., LFrLegOffset+KneeOffset

Note: RFrLeg also has a rotator joint

Head:

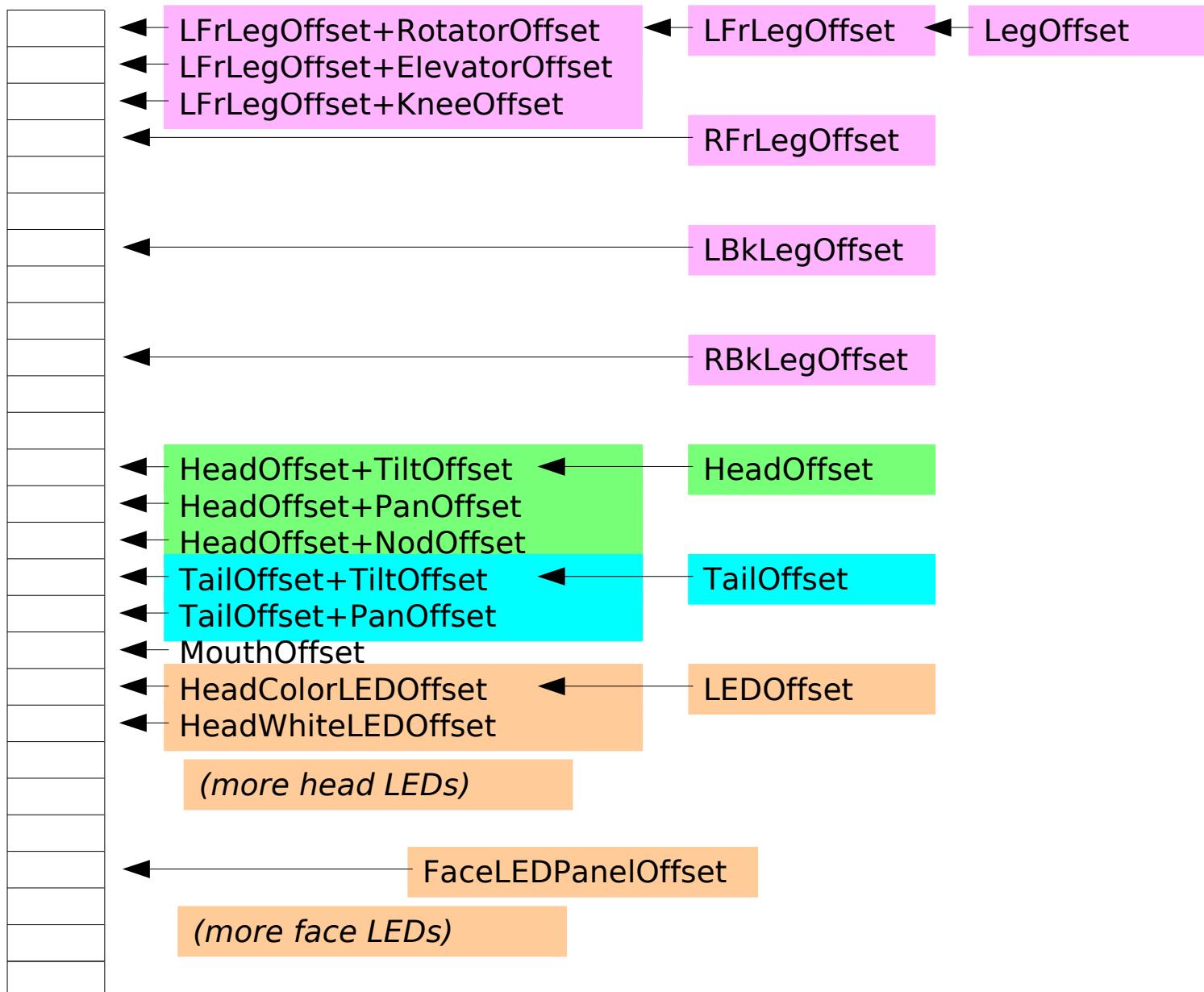
- HeadOffset
 - TiltOffset
 - PanOffset

e.g., HeadOffset+PanOffset

Arm:

- ArmOffset
 - ArmShoulderOffset
 - ArmElbowOffset
 - WristOffset
 - WristYawOffset
 - WristPitchOffset
 - WristRollOffset
 - GripperOffset

Effector Offsets (AIBO ERS-7)



Sample PostureNode Code

- PostureNode contains a PostureMC.
- PostureMC inherits methods from both MotionCommand and PostureEngine; check documentation for both.
- Use a CompletionTrans =C=> to smoothly chain postures together.

```
startnode: PostureNode($, "lookleft.pos") =C=>  
          PostureNode($, "raiseLFrleg.pos")
```

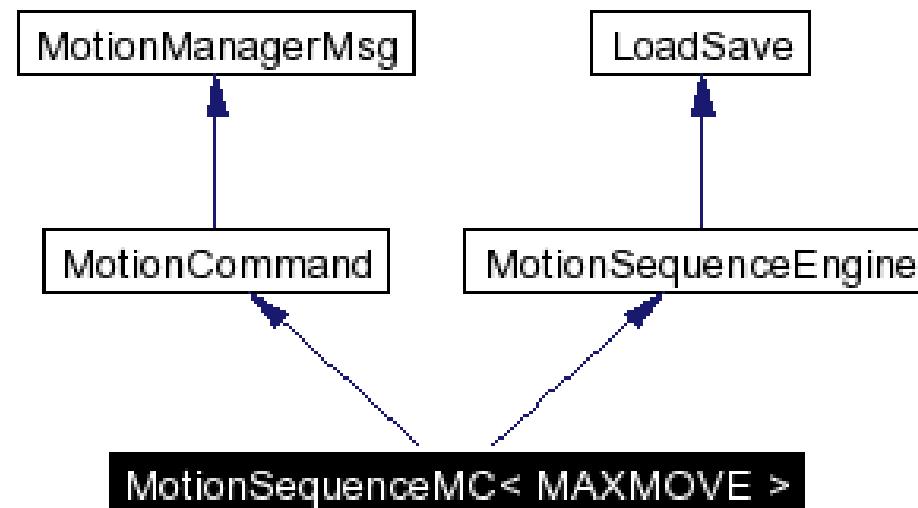
Are We There Yet?

- PostureNode posts a completion event when the robot has been brought to the target posture.
- What if it never reaches the target?
 - Conflicting motion commands
 - Unreachable joint angles
 - Positioning error
- A timeout value tells the PostureMC when to give up.

Motion Sequences

- Smoothly takes the robot through a sequence of postures, or “keyframes”.
- Each effector can be controlled independently.
- Since a MotionSequenceMC lives in shared memory, its size must be specified at compile time. (This is a relic from the AIBO's operating system.)
- TinyMotionSequenceMC ≡ MotionSequenceMC<94>

MotionSequenceMC



STANDLIE.MOT

- At time index 0, all joints are set to their current positions.
- Advance time index first, then specify target positions.
- MotionSequenceEngine will calculate joint velocities to achieve the specified targets at the appropriate times.

#MSq

advanceTime 2000
load stand.pos

advanceTime 2000
load situp.pos

advanceTime 2000
load liedown.pos

#END

See video



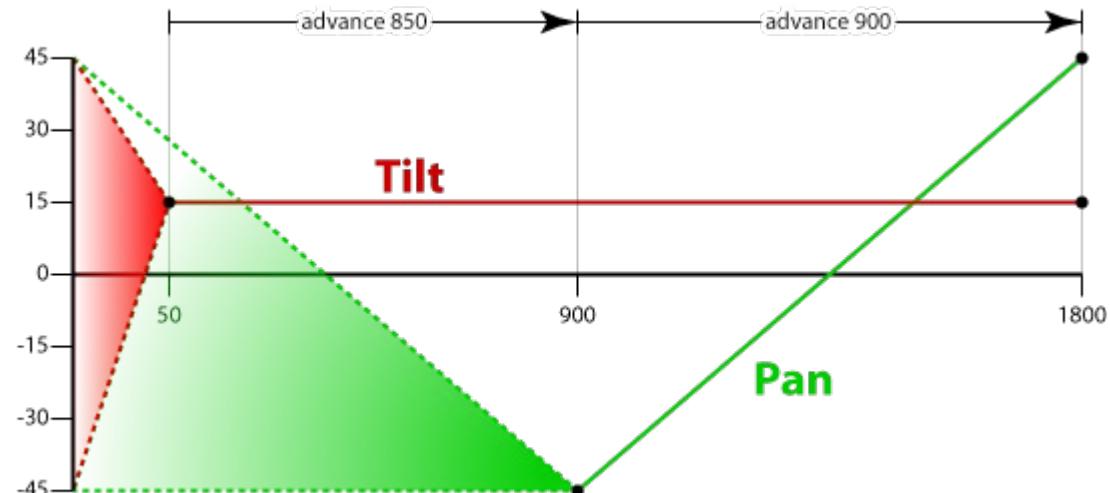
PAN_HEAD.MOT

#MSq
degrees

advanceTime 50
NECK:tilt 15
NECK:nod~ 0

advanceTime 850
NECK:pan~ -45

advanceTime 900
NECK:pan~ 45
NECK:tilt 15
NECK:nod~ 0
#END



Turn right 45°

Turn left 45°

Keep neck at 15°



See video

HEADWAG.MOT

```
#MSq  
degrees  
advanceTime 50  
NECK:pan~ 0  
NECK:tilt 0  
TAIL:pan~ 0  
TAIL:tilt 0
```



Bring head and tail to neutral positions

```
advanceTime 1000  
NECK:pan~ 90
```

Pan left

```
advanceTime 1000  
NECK:pan~ -90
```

Pan right

```
advanceTime 500  
NECK:pan~ 0  
TAIL:pan~ 0
```

Center head
Update tail time index

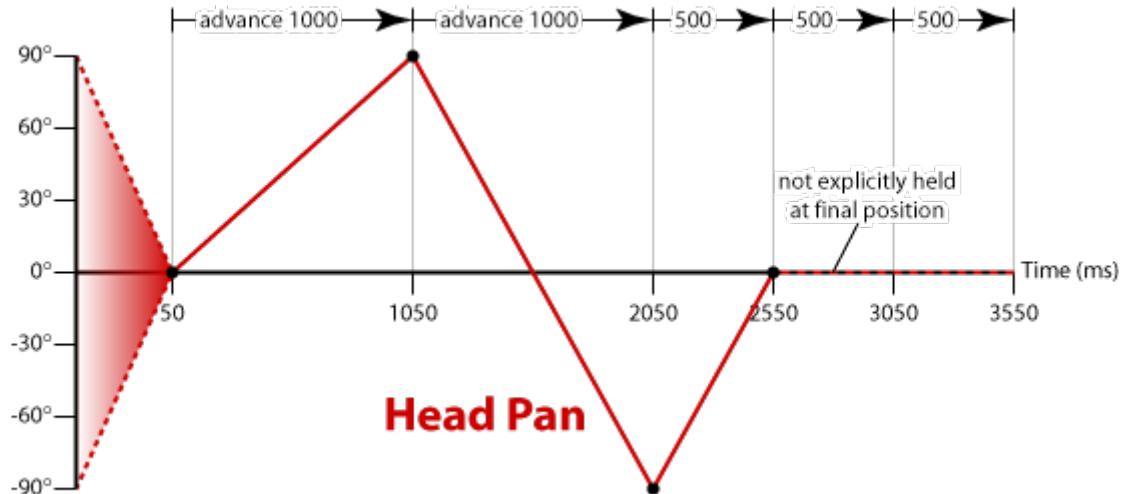
```
advanceTime 500  
TAIL:pan~ 90
```

Wag left

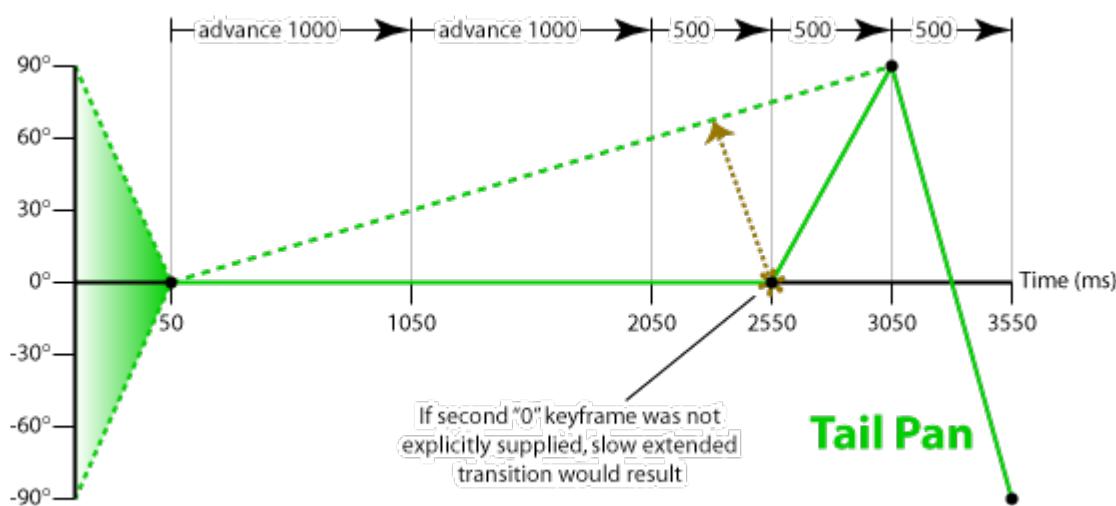
```
advanceTime 500  
TAIL:pan~ -90  
#END
```

Wag right

HEADWAG.MOT



Head Pan



Tail Pan



See video

Pre-Defined Motion Sequence Sizes

<u>Name</u>	<u># Full Postures</u>	<u># of Keyframes</u>
TinyMotionSequenceMC	2	94
SmallMotionSequenceMC	3	141
MediumMotionSequenceMC	6	282
LargeMotionSequenceMC	11	517
XLargeMotionSequenceMC	26	1222

Jam Conditions

- Postures and motion sequences simply move the robot's effectors from current position to target position.
- They don't consider balance or friction.
- Problem #1: the robot can fall over.
- Problem #2: moving a leg when the robot's weight is on it can cause the motors to strain too hard, and "overload".
- What's needed? Kinesthetic intelligence: the ability to reason about posture, balance, friction, and momentum.

Lie down, Sit, Stand → Disaster

- Simple linear interpolation between stable postures is not guaranteed to produce stable transitions.



See video: fallover.mp4

- This is why kinematic intelligence is needed.