

# 15-122: Principles of Imperative Computation

## Recitation 11

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### Checkpoint 0

Is this a correct implementation? Is the hare capable of “skipping over” the tortoise when approaching from behind? If so, what is the appropriate fix?

This is a correct implementation: the key observation is that the hare approaches the tortoise from behind, and the distance between them only gets smaller by 1 on every iteration through the loop:

```
_H____T_____
__H___T_____
___H__T_____
____H_T_____
_____H_T____
_______H_T___
_______HT____
_____HT_____
_____!_____
```

### Checkpoint 1

How many times is a pointer accessed within the loop? How do we know each access is safe? What happens if `h->next->next` is `NULL` at the beginning of a loop?

There are three pointers that we dereference: `t` on line 10, `h` on line 11, and `h->next`, again on line 11. If `h->next->next` is `NULL` at the start of the loop, then `h` will be `NULL` when the loop body terminates. This means that it would be unsafe to dereference `h`, but we never will dereference it: On the next run of the loop we will notice on line 9 that `h` is `NULL` and the function will return `false`.

### Checkpoint 2

The check `t == NULL` on line 8 is unnecessary. First come up with a rough operational reason why this is the case, then state this reason in terms of a loop invariant involving `is_segment`.

Operationally, the tortoise is only ever treading along ground that the hare has already covered. Because our `is_segment` function doesn't allow either endpoint of the segment to be `NULL`, it's a bit difficult to write a good loop invariant for the function as written. One option would be to write a variant of `is_segment`, another is to rewrite the function slightly. The lecture 11 notes have more discussion of this point.

```
1 bool is_circular(list* l)
2 {
3   if (l == NULL) return false;
4   list* t = l; // tortoise
5   list* hprev = l; // one prior to the hare
```

```
6 while (t != hprev->next)
7 // @loop_invariant is_segment(t, hprev);
8 {
9     list* h = hprev->next;
10    if (t == NULL) return false;
11    if (h == NULL || h->next == NULL) return false;
12    t = t->next;
13    hprev = h->next;
14 }
15 return true;
16 }
```