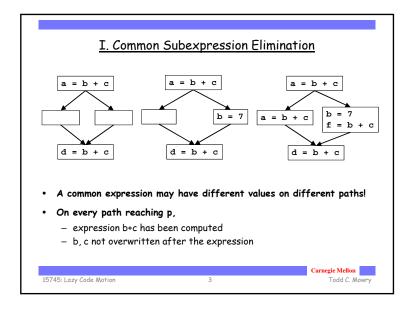
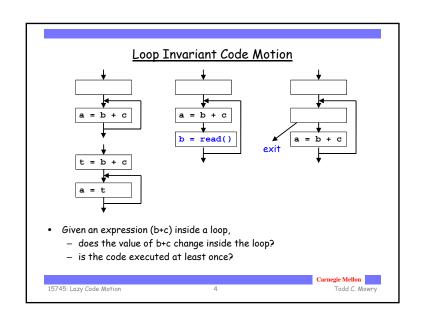
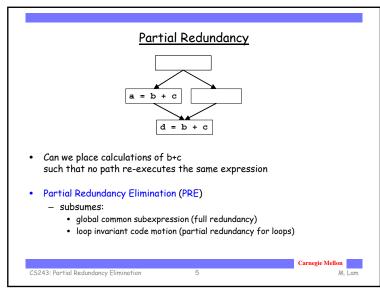
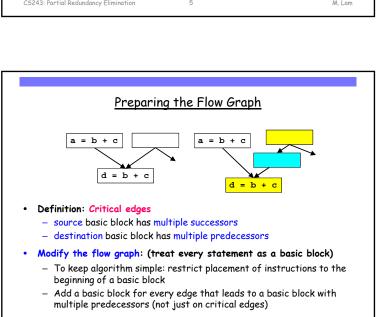
Lecture 10 Lazy Code Motion I. Forms of redundancy (quick review) • global common subexpression elimination • loop invariant code motion • partial redundancy II. Lazy Code Motion Algorithm • Mathematical concept: a cut set • Basic technique (anticipation) • 3 more passes to refine algorithm Reading: Chapter 9.5



Overview • Eliminates many forms of redundancy in one fell swoop • Originally formulated as 1 bi-directional analysis • Lazy code motion algorithm - formulated as 4 separate uni-directional passes • backward, forward, forward, backward Carnegie Mellon 15745: Lazy Code Motion 2 Todd C. Mowry



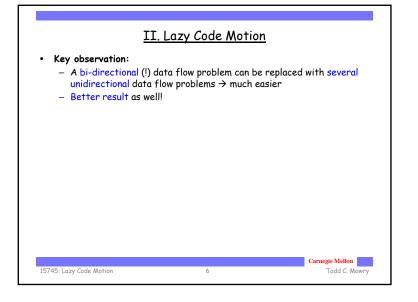


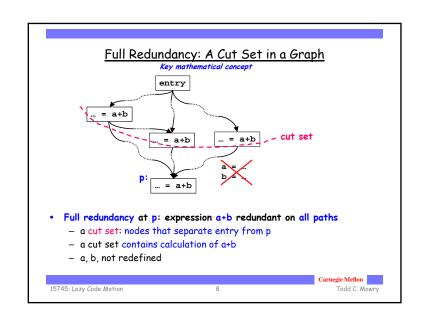


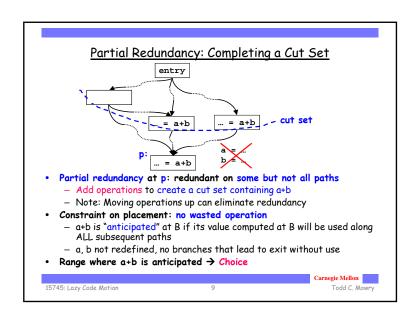
15745: Lazy Code Motion

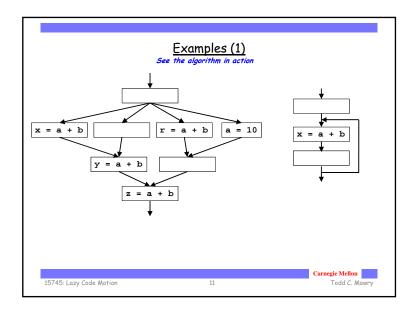
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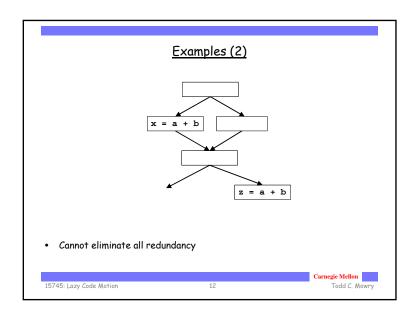


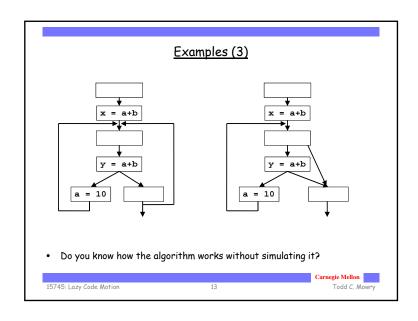


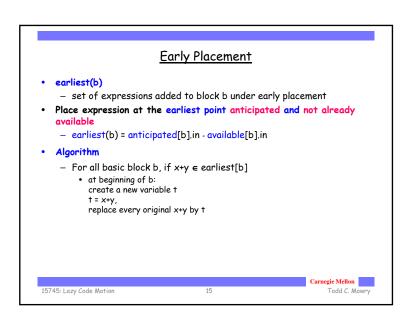


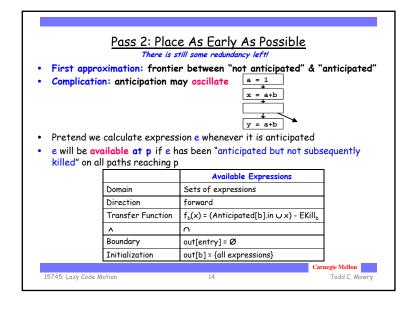


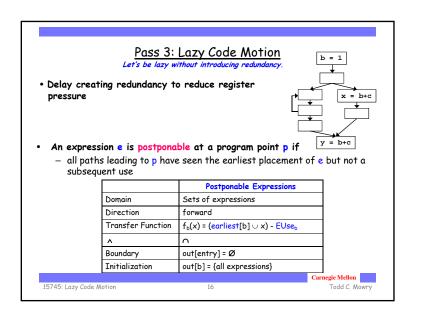
Pass 1: Anticipated Expressions This pass does most of the heavy lifting in eliminating redundancy • Backward pass: Anticipated expressions Anticipated[b].in: Set of expressions anticipated at the entry of b • An expression is anticipated if its value computed at point p will be used along ALL subsequent paths Anticipated Expressions Domain Sets of expressions Direction backward Transfer Function $f_b(x) = EUse_b \cup (x - EKill_b)$ EUse: used exp, EKill: exp killed Boundary in[exit] = Ø Initialization in[b] = {all expressions} • First approximation: • place operations at the frontier of anticipation (boundary between not anticipated and anticipated) Carnegie Mellon 15745: Lazy Code Motion 10 Todd C. Mowry

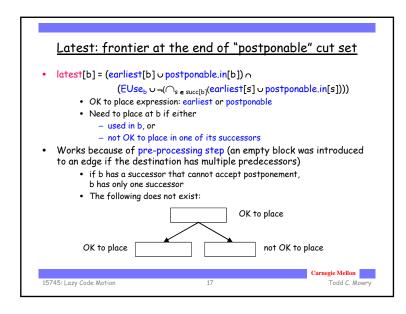


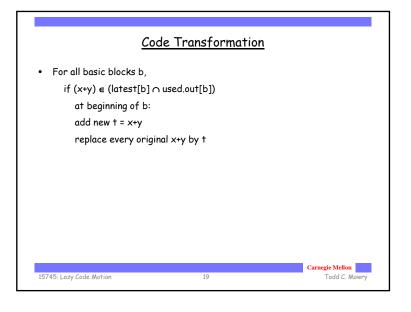


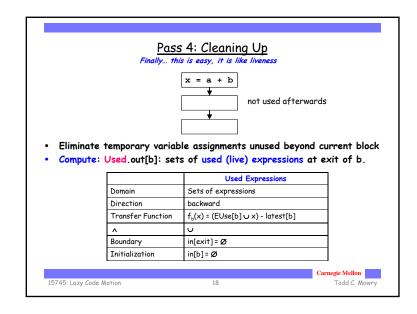












4 Passes for Partial Redundancy Elimination

- Heavy lifting: Cannot introduce operations not executed originally
 - Pass 1 (backward): Anticipation: range of code motion
 - Placing operations at the frontier of anticipation gets most of the redundancy
- Squeezing the last drop of redundancy:

An anticipation frontier may cover a subsequent frontier

- Pass 2 (forward): Availability
- Earliest: anticipated, but not yet available
- Push the cut set out -- as late as possible

To minimize register lifetimes

- Pass 3 (forward): Postponability: move it down provided it does not create redundancy
- Latest: where it is used or the frontier of postponability
- Cleaning up
 - Pass 4: Remove temporary assignment

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<u>Remarks</u>

- Powerful algorithm
 - Finds many forms of redundancy in one unified framework
- Illustrates the power of data flow
 - Multiple data flow problems

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