15-319 / 15-619 Cloud Computing

Recitation 15 December 8th & 10th2015

Overview

- Recent Tasks reflection
 - Project 4.2
 - Quiz 12
- This week's schedule
 - Project 4.3
- Demo
- Twitter Analytics Project: Recap

Reminders

- Monitor AWS expenses regularly and tag all resources
 Check your bill (Cost Explorer > filter by tags).
- Piazza Guidelines
 - Please tag your questions appropriately
 - Search for an existing answer first
- Provide clean, modular and well documented code
 - <u>Large</u> penalties for not doing so.
 - Double check that your code is submitted!! (verify by downloading it from TPZ from the submissions page)
- Utilize Office Hours
 - We are here to help (but not to give solutions)

Project 4.2 FAQ

- How to calculate the contributions in PageRank? How to deal with dangling nodes?
 - Refer to the formula in the writeup. A node receives contributions from its followers, not followee. Distribute the rank of dangling nodes equally to all nodes.
- Spark job is stuck, there are errors in my job
 - Launch more machines and use instances with enough memory and disk space.
 - Check in the web console if the job uses all the available executors and memory. If not, change your configuration.

Project 4

- Project 4.1
 - MapReduce Programming Using YARN
- Project 4.2

 Iterative Programming Using Apache Spark
- Project 4.3
 - Stream Processing using Kafka & Samza



Stream vs Batch Processing

• Batch processing

- Data parallel, graph parallel
- Iterative, non-iterative
- Runs once in few hours/days
- Historical data analysis
- Unsuited for real time events streams
- Stream processing
 - Process events as they come
 - Real time decision making
 - Sensor streams/ web event data

Example of a batch processing job

- Input is collected into batches and processing is performed on the input data
- Output is consumed later at any point of time the data does not lose much of its "value" with time



Typical stream processing job

- Data is processed immediately (few seconds)
- The processed data is used by downstream consumers for real time decision/analytics immediately



Typical stream processing components

- An event producer <u>Sensors</u>, web logs, web events
- A messaging service <u>Kafka</u>, RabbitMQ, ActiveMQ
- A stream processing framework <u>Samza</u>, Spark Streaming, Storm



Apache Kafka

Developed at LinkedIn as a distributed messaging system.



Apache Kafka

- Used to integrate data from multiple sources
- Streams (or topics) in Kafka modelled as a "log"
- Different consumers read independently at different offsets in the log



Semantic partitioning in Kafka

- Each topic (stream) is partitioned for scalability across all nodes in the Kafka cluster
- Default partitioning attempts to load balance
- Streams can also be partitioned semantically by user
 key of the message
- All messages with the same key come to the same partition

Apache Samza

- Stream <u>processing</u> framework developed at LinkedIn
- Consists of 3 layers: streaming, execution and processing (Samza) layer
- Most common: Kafka for streaming, YARN for execution

Samza API	
YARN	Kafka

Apache Samza

- Programmer uses Samza API to perform stream processing
- Semantic partitioning in Kafka => streaming MapReduce
- Each partition in Kafka is assigned to a <u>single</u> Samza task instance



Stateful stream processing in Apache Samza

- Calculate sum, avg, count etc.
- State in remote data store? slow
- State in memory locally? machine crashes
- Solution persistent KV store provided by Samza
- Changes to KV store persisted to a different stream (usually Kafka) - replay on failure
- RocksDB currently supported as a persistent KV store
 - You MUST use a persistent KV store for P4.3!

Putting Kafka and Samza together



Project 4.3

- Use Kafka and Samza to develop components of a ride hailing app
- Two Streams
 - Stream of driver locations
 - Stream of ride requests
- Find closest driver to a rider





Project 4.3 - Overview

- We provide a load generator to provide Kafka streams
- Use the Samza API to maintain state and find the closest driver to a rider
- <u>driver-locations stream</u> stream of driver locations as they move through city
- <u>events stream</u> stream of events (ride requests, ride complete, etc.)

Project 4.3

- Bonus task implement dynamic (aka surge) pricing
- Same streams but different state and different calculations required
- Careful when you move drivers around blocks! bonus grader is more sensitive to sloppy state management
 - For example: ensure that the count of drivers is not off by one

0 ...

Grading

- Skeleton code also provides the submitters
- We will look for usage of KV stores and reasonably efficient code
 - no iterating through ALL drivers to find closest!

Upcoming Deadlines

- Project 4.3 : Stream Processing with Kafka/Samza
 - Due: 12/11/2015 11:59 PM Pittsburgh
- Apply for S16 of F16 TA job, there is still time
 - 0 <u>link</u>
- Complete the course survey (announced on Piazza)
 - 2% bonus for the overall course grade (Don't miss it!!!)
- Cupcake Party (Pittsburgh and SV)
 - Thursday 12/10/2015 4:30 PM Pittsburgh, 1:30 PM SV

Project 4.3

- Demo
- Create a cluster on EMR and ssh onto the master node
- wget the script that's available on S3 and run the script
- locate the logs
- the format of the sample stream
- submitter

TWITTER DATA ANALYTICS: 15619 PROJECT

15619Project

Thursday, 12/10, recitation:

- Cupcakes
- Phase 3 Scores
- Breakdown of Winners
- More...

Don't Forget!

- Project 4.3 : Stream Processing with Kafka/Samza
 - Due: 12/11/2015 11:59 PM Pittsburgh
- Apply for S16 of F16 TA job, there is still time
 - O <u>link</u>
- Complete the course survey (announced on Piazza)
 - 2% bonus for the overall course grade (Don't miss it!!!)
- Cupcake Party (Pittsburgh and SV)
 - Thursday 12/10/2015 4:30 PM Pittsburgh, 1:30 PM SV