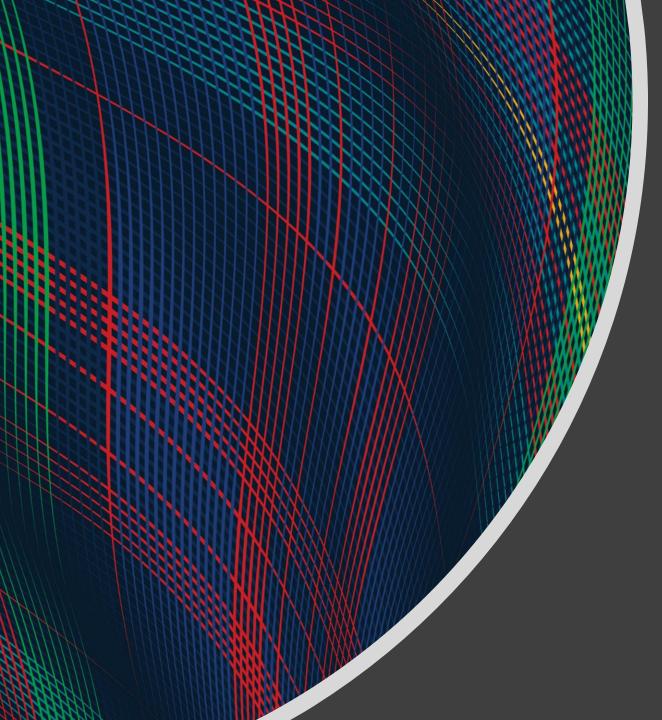
Plan

Wrap-up Overview \rightarrow Lecture 1 slides

Proof Techniques

- Proof by cases
- Disprove by counterexample
- Proof by contrapositive



10-607 Computational Foundations for Machine Learning

Proof Techniques

Instructor: Pat Virtue

Proof Techniques

Proof by Cases

Proof by Cases	50
Goal is to prove	X
1 ØVY	Assume
2 Case 1: Ø	
a)	
$C) \varphi = X$	
3 Case 2: 7	
a)	
b	
4 7	by V elimination

Proof by Cases

Proposition: Let a, $b \in \mathbb{Z}$. If ab is even, then either a is even or b is even (or both).

Proof by Cases

Proposition: Let a, $b \in \mathbb{Z}$. If ab is even, then either a is even or b is even (or both).

 \rightarrow whiteboard

Proof Techniques

Proof by cases

Disproof by counterexample

- One example is not sufficient to prove
- One counterexample is sufficient to disprove

Disprove by counterexample

Proposition: Let a, $b \in \mathbb{Z}$. If a is odd and b is odd, then a+b is odd

Poll 1

Given model m: {A: True, B: False}

Does m satisfy the following sentence:

 $(A \Rightarrow B) \Leftrightarrow (\neg B \Rightarrow \neg A)$

i. Yes

ii. No

iii. Not enough information

iv. Syntax error in sentence

Poll 2

```
Truth table for (A \Rightarrow B) \Leftrightarrow (\neg B \Rightarrow \neg A)
```

How many rows do we need (excluding a header)?

- i. 2
- ii. 4
- iii. 6
- iv. 8
- v. 16

Poll 3

Truth table for $(A \Rightarrow B) \Leftrightarrow (\neg B \Rightarrow \neg A)$

How many columns should we have?

i. 2

ii. 3

iii. 4

iv. 5

v. 6