



15-112
Lecture 2

Week 9 Thu
Recursion

Instructor: Pat Virtue

Announcements

Hack 112!

OH this weekend

- Heads up! Staff will be split between HW9 and Hack 112

Term Project

- Ideation meetings (**required**)
- Mini-Lectures this week (**must attend at least one**)
- Instructions (posted soon) (**will be part of pre-reading checkpoint**)

Announcements

Hack 112!

OH this weekend

- Heads up! Staff will be split between HW9 and Hack 112

Term Project

- Ideation meetings (**required**)
- Mini-Lectures this week (**must attend at least one**)
- Instructions (posted soon) (**will be part of pre-reading checkpoint**)

General Recursive Form

```
def recursiveFunction():  
    if (this is the base case):  
        do something non-recursive  
    else:  
        do something recursive
```

recursiveFunction

Recursion Example

- Recursive case
- Base case
- Recursion errors
- Call Stack
- Visualizing recursion
- Debugging recursion

Poll 1

Which is the best base case

- A. if $n == 0$
 return 0
- B. if $n == 0$
 return 1
- C. if $n == 1$
 return 0
- D. if $n == 1$
 return 1
- E. if $n == 2$
 return 3

Debugging!

Notes: [Recursive Debugging](#)

Hazards!

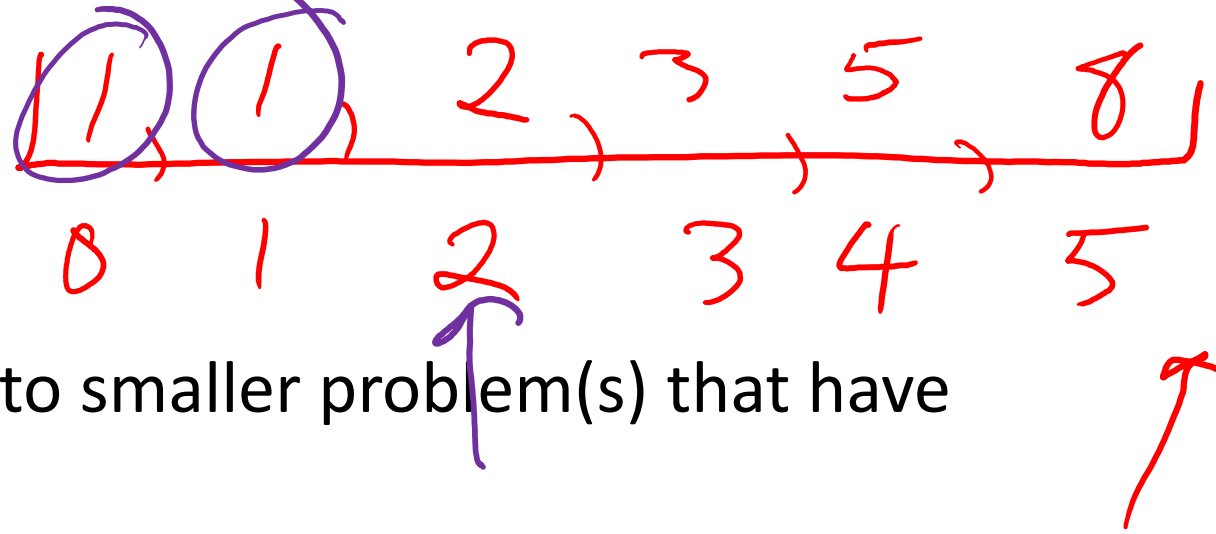
Notes: [Hazard Extra Recursive Calls](#)

Recursive thinking

Suggestion: start with the recursive case

- How can you reduce the problem into smaller problem(s) that have the same structure as the original?
- Assume (magically) that next recursive cases will work

Multiple recursive cases



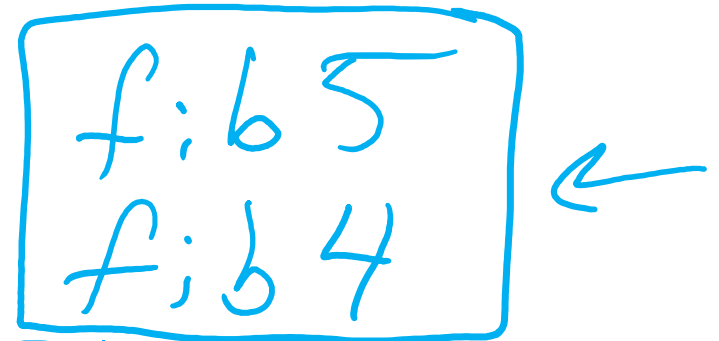
Example Fibonacci

- How can you reduce the problem into smaller problem(s) that have the same structure as the original?
- Assume (magically) that next recursive cases will work

```
def fib6()
```

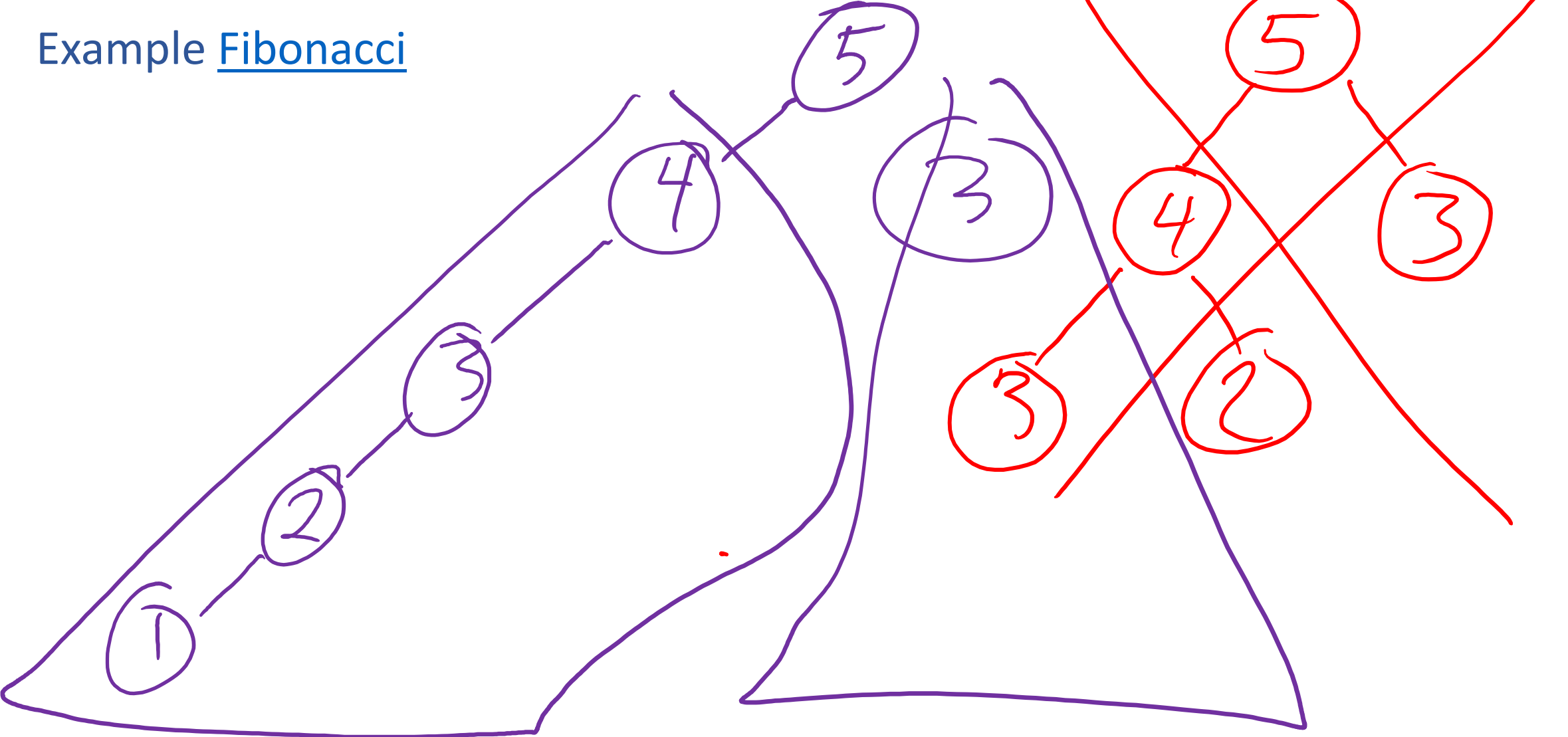
```
    result = fib4() + fib5()
```

```
    return result
```



Multiple recursive cases

Example Fibonacci



Towers of Hanoi

Goal: Move stack to a different peg

Restrictions

- One piece at a time
- Can't put bigger piece on top of smaller

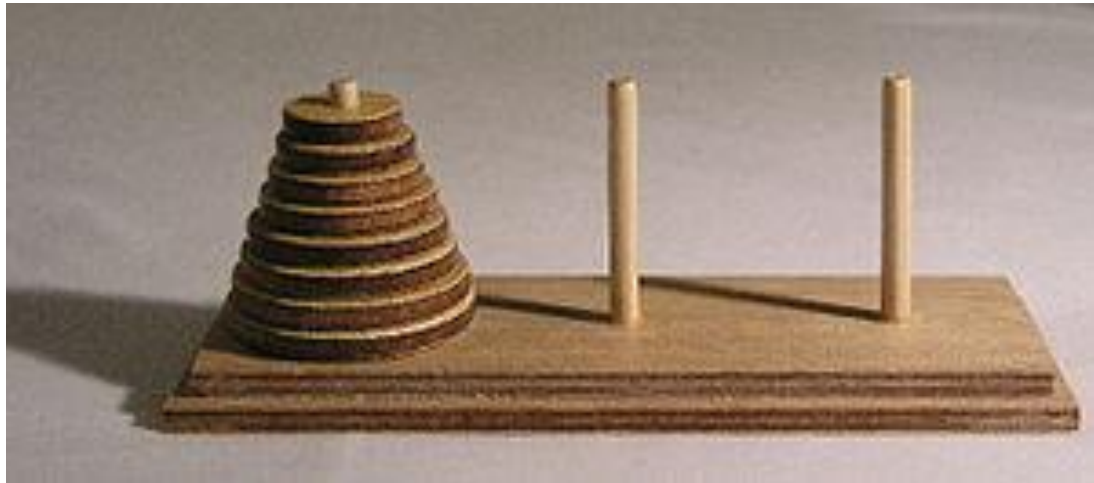


Image (left): https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tower_of_Hanoi.jpeg

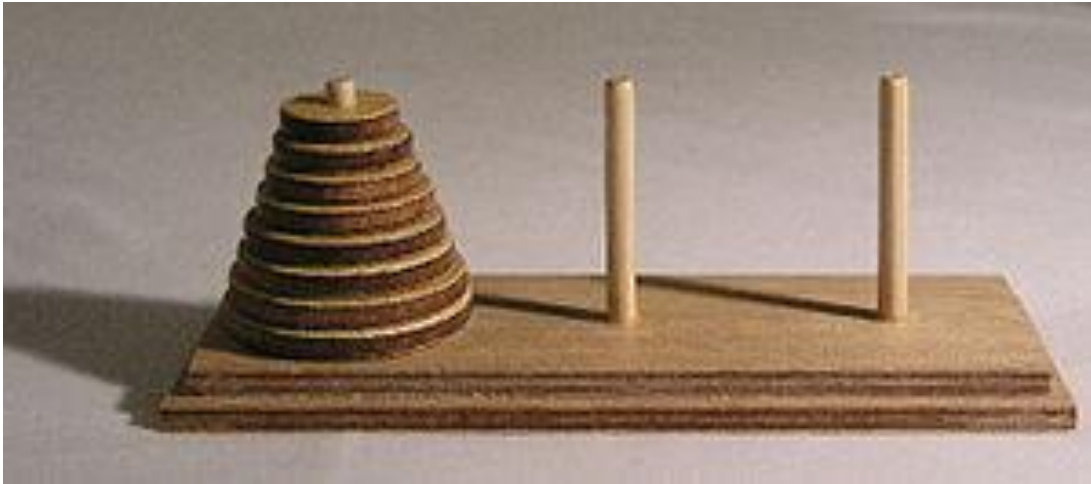
Reminder General Recursive Form

```
def recursiveFunction():  
    if (this is the base case):  
        do something non-recursive  
    else:  
        do something recursive
```

Towers of Hanoi

Recursive case

- Let's start with magic!



Towers of Hanoi

Recursive case

- Let's start with magic!

```
import magic # For now :)
```

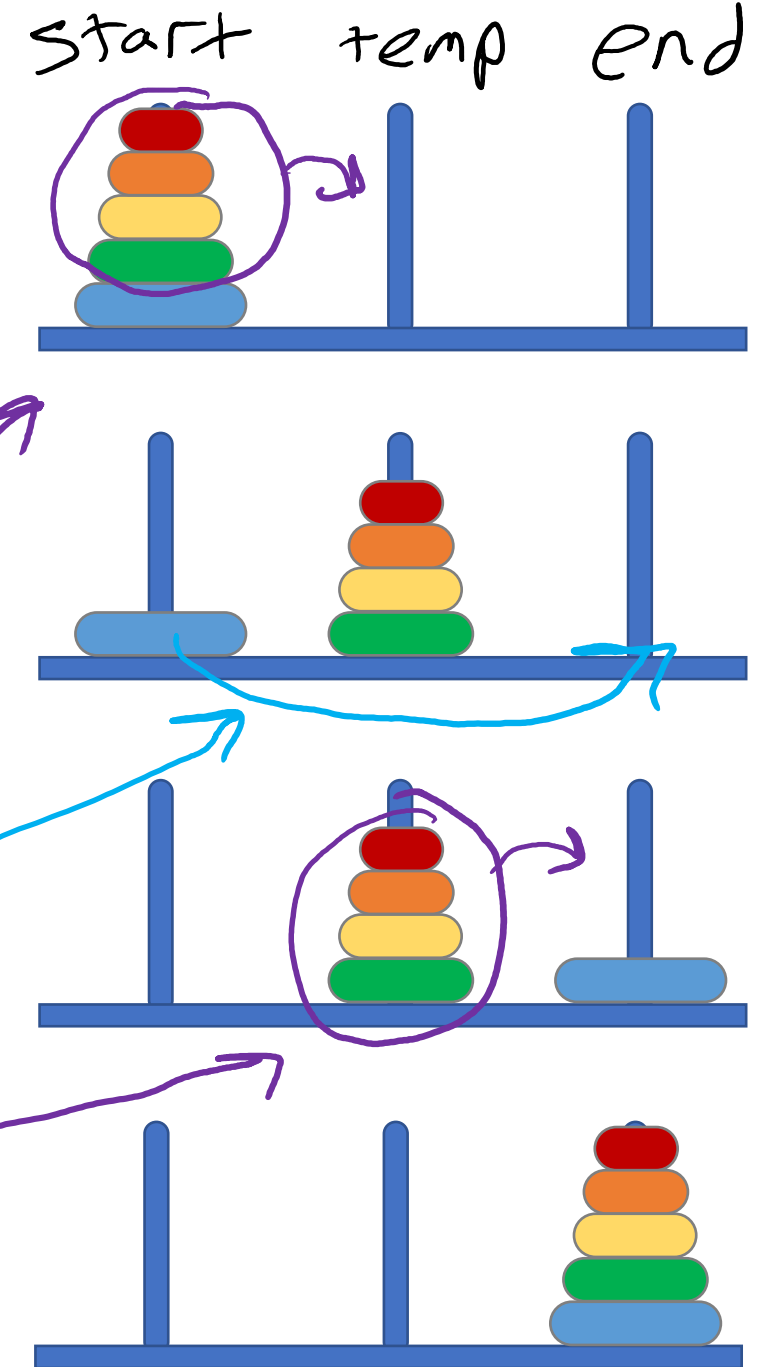
```
def move5(start, end, temp):
```

```
    # Move 5 pieces from start to end
```

```
    magic.move4(start, temp, end)
```

```
    print(f"Move piece from {start} to {end}")
```

```
    magic.move4(temp, end, start)
```



Revisit Merge Sort

Merge sort: $O(N \log N)$

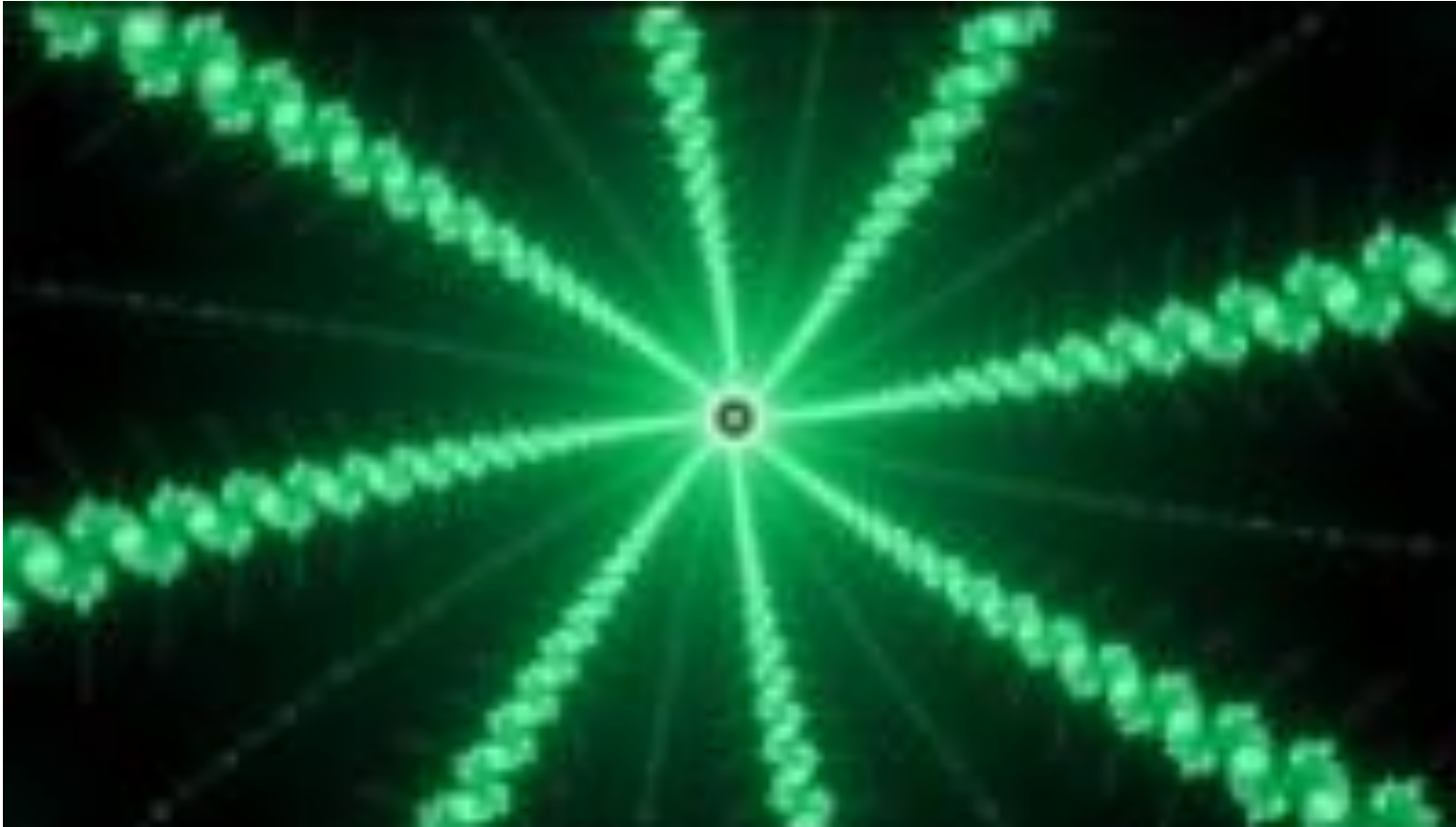
Merge concept:

Assume you had two piles that were already independently sorted.

Could you shuffle them together into one sorted pile in $O(N)$?

Fractals

Mandelbrot set



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u1pwtSBTnPU>

Reminder: Fractals

Koch curve

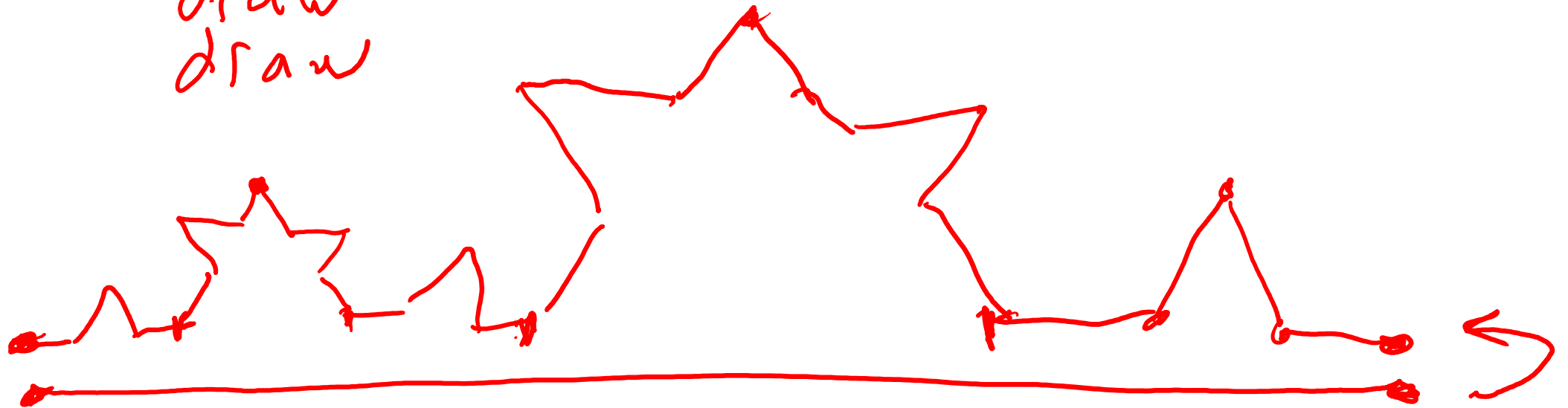
draw KochLine (start, end)

drawKochLine (start, —)

dr (— , end)

draw
draw

Left
Right



Reminder: Fractals

Koch curve

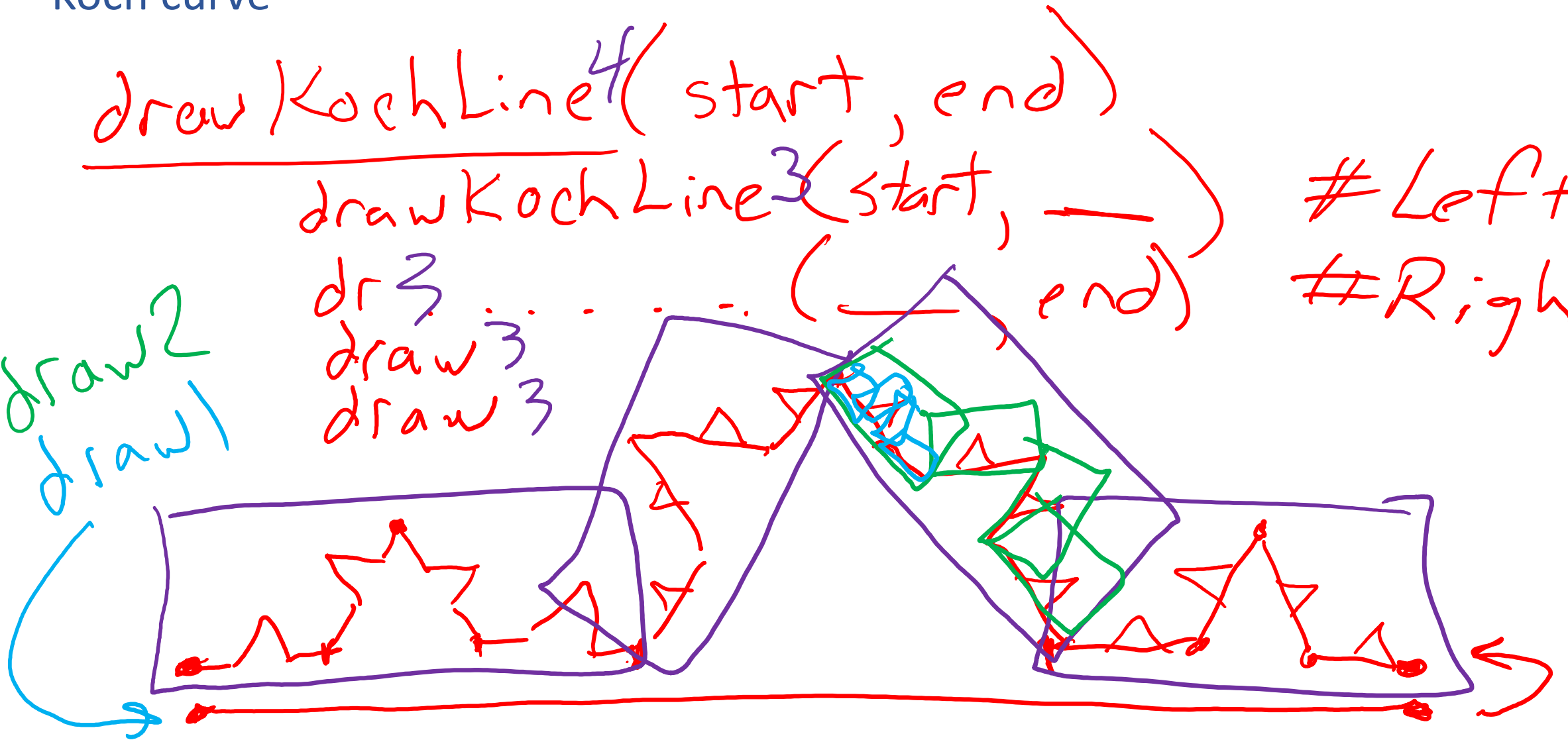
drawKochLine⁴(start, end)

drawKochLine³(start, —) (—, end)

#Left
#Right

draw²
draw¹

draw³
draw³
draw³



Reminder: Fractals

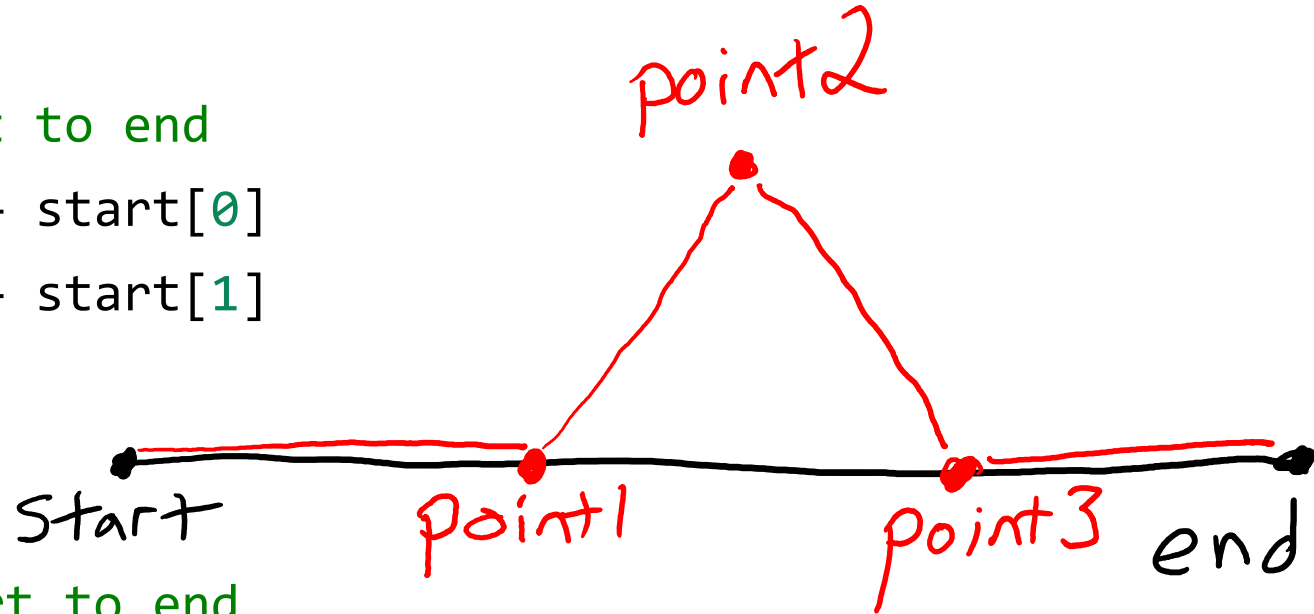
Koch curve

```
def drawFractal(app, canvas, level, start, end):  
    dist = math.sqrt((end[0]-start[0])**2 + (end[1]-start[1])**2)  
  
    if level == 0 or dist <= 1:  
        canvas.create_line(start[0], start[1], end[0], end[1])  
    else:  
        point1, point2, point3 = newKochPoints(start, end)  
        drawFractal(app, canvas, level-1, start, point1, color)  
        drawFractal(app, canvas, level-1, point1, point2, color)  
        drawFractal(app, canvas, level-1, point2, point3, color)  
        drawFractal(app, canvas, level-1, point3, end, color)
```

Reminder: Fractals

Koch curve

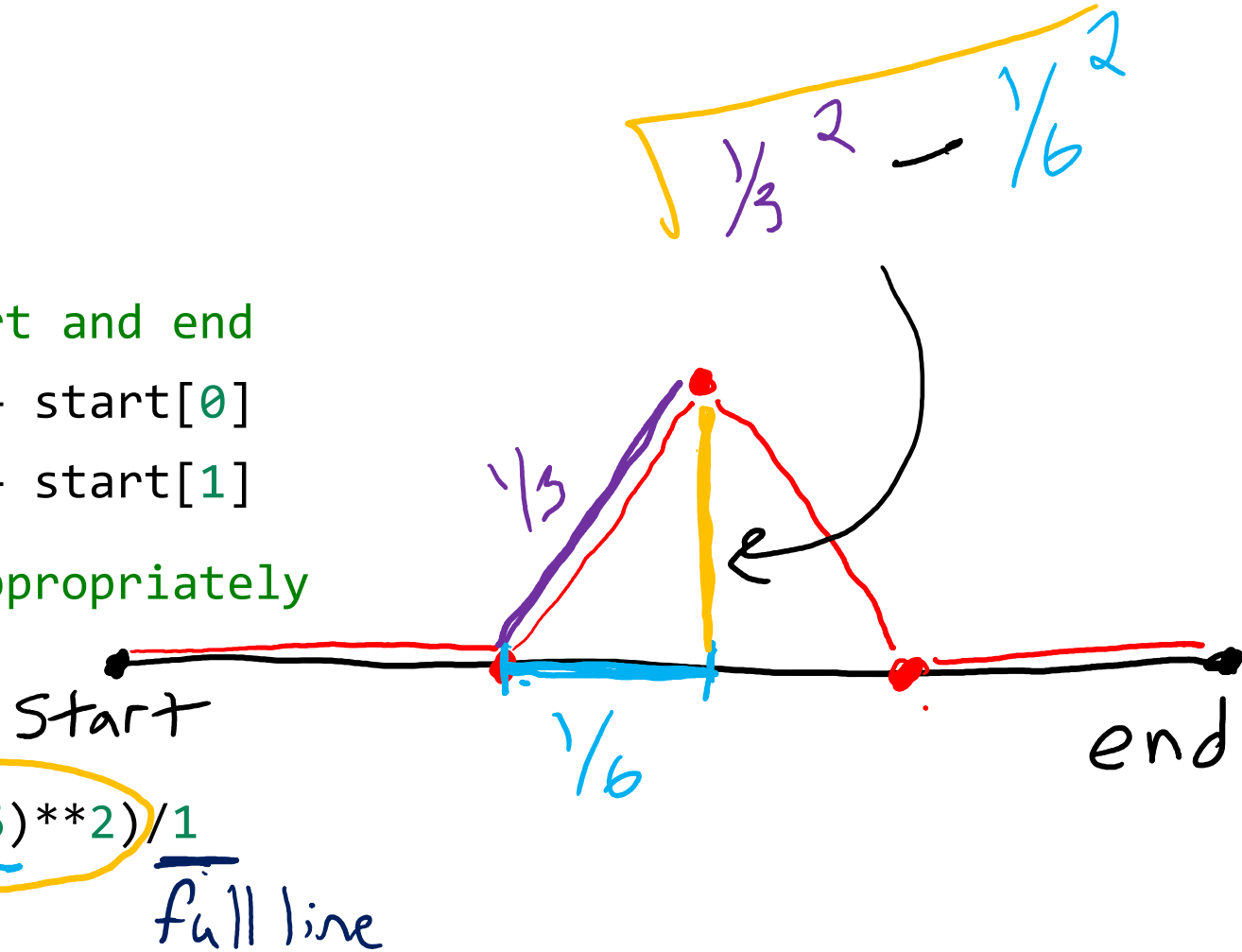
```
def newKochPoints(start, end):  
    # Point1  
    # One third of the way from start to end  
    point1x = (end[0]-start[0])*1/3 + start[0]  
    point1y = (end[1]-start[1])*1/3 + start[1]  
    point1 = (point1x, point1y)  
  
    # Point3  
    # Two thirds of the way from start to end  
    point3x = (end[0]-start[0])*2/3 + start[0]  
    point3y = (end[1]-start[1])*2/3 + start[1]  
    point3 = (point3x, point3y)  
  
    # Point2 ...
```



Reminder: Fractals

```
def newKochPoints(start, end):  
    ...  
    # Point2  
    # Start with halfway between start and end  
    point2x = (end[0]-start[0])*1/2 + start[0]  
    point2y = (end[1]-start[1])*1/2 + start[1]  
    # perpendicular change, scaled appropriately  
    dy = -(end[0]-start[0])  
    dx = (end[1]-start[1])  
    scale = math.sqrt((1/3)**2 - (1/6)**2) / 1  
    point2x += scale*dx  
    point2y += scale*dy  
    point2 = (point2x, point2y)  
    return (point1, point2, point3)
```

intentional



Reminder General Recursive Form

```
def recursiveFunction():  
    if (this is the base case):  
        do something non-recursive  
    else:  
        do something recursive
```