Warm-up: What to eat?

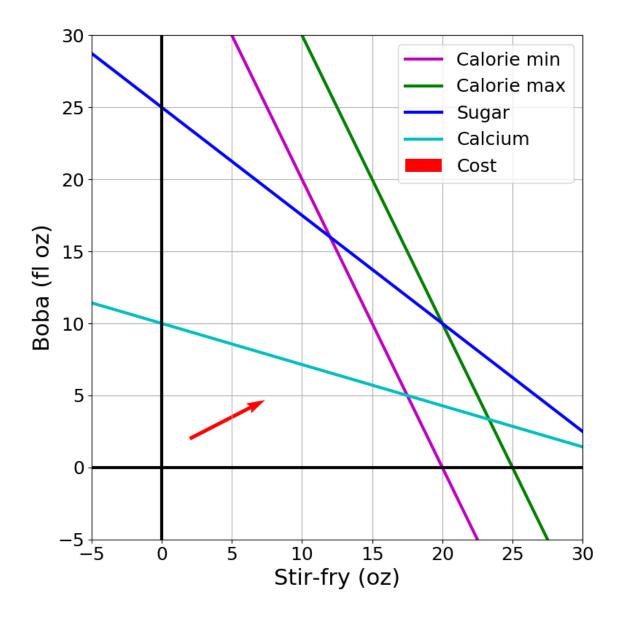
We are trying healthy by finding the optimal amount of food to purchase. We can choose the amount of stir-fry (ounce) and boba (fluid ounces).

Healthy Squad Goals

- $2000 \le \text{Calories} \le 2500$
- Sugar ≤ 100 g
- Calcium \geq 700 mg

Food	Cost	Calories	Sugar	Calcium
Stir-fry (per oz)	1	100	3	20
Boba (per fl oz)	0.5	50	4	70

What is the cheapest way to stay "healthy" with this menu? How much stir-fry (ounce) and boba (fluid ounces) should we buy?



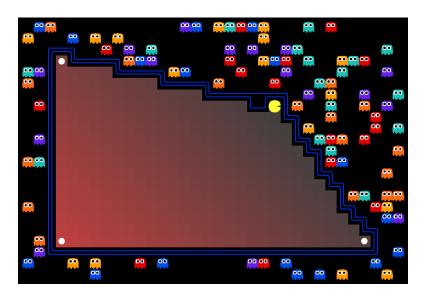
Announcements

Assignments:

- HW3 (online)
 - Due Tonight, 10 pm
- HW4 (online)
 - Due 2/14, 10 pm
- P1: Search and Games due yesterday!!
- P2: Linear/Integer Programming
 - Due 2/23, 10pm (1 week after the exam)
 - Exam 1 Feb 16!

Al: Representation and Problem Solving

Linear Programming



Instructor: Stephanie Rosenthal

Slide credits: CMU AI with drawings from http://ai.berkeley.edu

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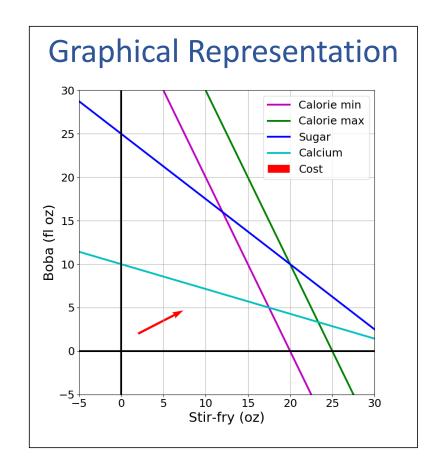
Optimization

Problem Description

Optimization Representation

 $\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$

s.t. $Ax \leq b$



Constraint Satisfaction Problems

Map coloring

Any x

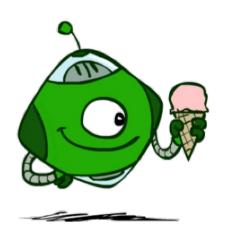
s.t. **x** satisfies constraints



Diet Problem

Any x

s.t. **x** satisfies constraints



Healthy Squad Goals

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Diet Problem

 $\min_{\mathbf{x}} cost(\mathbf{x})$ Objective

s.t. **x** satisfies constraints



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Food	Cost	Calories	Sugar	Calciu m
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Diet Problem

```
\min_{\mathbf{x}} cost(\mathbf{x})
s.t. calories(\mathbf{x}) contained
sugar(\mathbf{x}) \leq limit
calcium(\mathbf{x}) \geq limit
```



Healthy Squad Goals

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Food	Cost	Calories	Sugar	Calcium
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Diet Problem

$$\min_{x_1, x_2} 1 x_1 + 0.5 x_2$$
s.t.
$$100 x_1 + 50 x_2 \ge 2000$$

$$100 x_1 + 50 x_2 \le 2500$$

$$3 x_1 + 4 x_2 \le 100$$

$$20 x_1 + 70 x_2 \ge 700$$



Healthy Squad Goals

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Diet Problem

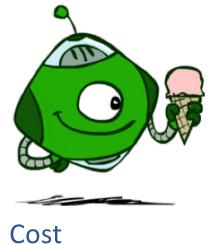
$$\min_{\substack{x_1, \, x_2 \\ \text{s.t.}}} c_1 \, x_1 + c_2 \, x_2$$

$$a_{1,1} \, x_1 + a_{1,2} \, x_2 \ge b_1$$

$$a_{2,1} \, x_1 + a_{2,2} \, x_2 \le b_2$$

$$a_{3,1} \, x_1 + a_{3,2} \, x_2 \le b_3$$

$$a_{4,1} \, x_1 + a_{4,2} \, x_2 \ge b_4$$



$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Limit

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 20 & 70 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boldsymbol{b} =$$

$$\boldsymbol{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ 700 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calorie min 2500 Calorie max 100 Sugar Calcium

Diet Problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^{T}\mathbf{x}$$
s.t.
$$a_{1,1} x_{1} + a_{1,2} x_{2} \ge b_{1}$$

$$a_{2,1} x_{1} + a_{2,2} x_{2} \le b_{2}$$

$$a_{3,1} x_{1} + a_{3,2} x_{2} \le b_{3}$$

$$a_{4,1} x_{1} + a_{4,2} x_{2} \ge b_{4}$$



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Limit

Calorie min 2500 Calorie max 100 Sugar Calcium

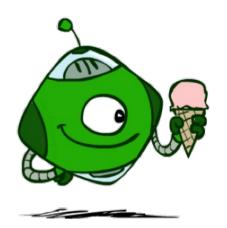
Diet Problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^{T} \mathbf{x}$$
s.t.
$$-a_{1,1} x_{1} - a_{1,2} x_{2} \leq -b_{1}$$

$$a_{2,1} x_{1} + a_{2,2} x_{2} \leq b_{2}$$

$$a_{3,1} x_{1} + a_{3,2} x_{2} \leq b_{3}$$

$$-a_{4,1} x_{1} - a_{4,2} x_{2} \leq -b_{4}$$



$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Limit

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 20 & 70 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ 700 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Calorie min} \\ \text{Calorie max} \\ \text{Sugar} \\ \text{Calcium} \\ \end{array}$$

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ 700 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calcium

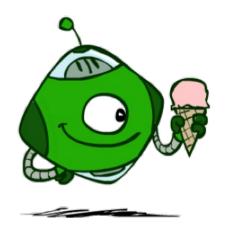
Diet Problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^{T} \mathbf{x}$$
s.t.
$$a_{1,1} x_{1} + a_{1,2} x_{2} \leq b_{1}$$

$$a_{2,1} x_{1} + a_{2,2} x_{2} \leq b_{2}$$

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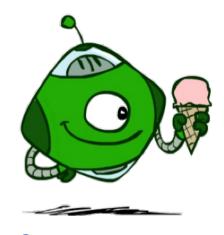


$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix} b = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix}$$
Calorie min Calorie max Sugar Calcium

Diet Problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\
\text{s.t.} \quad A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{c} \text{Calorie min} \\ \text{Calorie max} \\ \text{Sugar} \\ \text{Calcium} \\ \end{array}$$

What has to increase to add more nutrition constraints?

min	$oldsymbol{c}^Toldsymbol{x}$
\boldsymbol{x}	
s.t.	$Ax \leq b$



Select all that apply

- A) length x
- B) length c
- C) height A
- D) width A
- E) length **b**

What has to increase to add more nutrition constraints?

$$\min_{x} \quad c^{T}x$$
s.t.
$$Ax \leq b$$



$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix}$

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What has to increase to add more menu items?

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\
\text{s.t.} \quad A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



Select all that apply

- A) length x
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$$b = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix}$$

If $A \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times N}$, which of the following also equals N?

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\
\text{s.t.} \quad A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



Select all that apply

- A) length x
- B) length *c*
- C) length **b**

Linear Programming

Linear objective with linear constraints

As opposed to general optimization

min.
$$f_0(\mathbf{x})$$

s.t. $f_i(\mathbf{x}) \leq 0$, $i = 1 \dots M$
 $\mathbf{a}_i^T \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}_i$, $i = 1 \dots P$

Linear Programming

Different formulations

Inequality form

General form

min.
$$c^T x + d$$

s.t. $Gx \le h$
 $Ax = b$

Standard form

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\min_{\mathbf{x}} & \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\
\text{s.t.} & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b} \\
\mathbf{x} \geq 0
\end{array}$$

Important to pay attention to form!

Linear Programming

Different formulations

Inequality form

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$
s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$

General form

min.
$$c^T x + d$$

s.t. $Gx \le h$
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Standard form

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\min_{\mathbf{x}} & \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\
\text{s.t.} & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b} \\
\mathbf{x} \geq 0
\end{array}$$

Can switch between formulations!

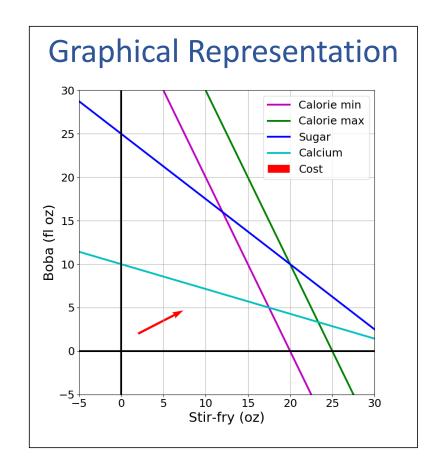
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Graphics Representation

Geometry / Algebra I Quiz

What shape does this inequality represent?

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b_1$$

Graphics Representation

Geometry / Algebra I Quiz

What shape does this inequality represent?

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 = b_1$$

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b_1$$

$$a_{1,1} x_1 + a_{1,2} x_2 \le b_1$$

$$a_{2,1} x_1 + a_{2,2} x_2 \le b_2$$

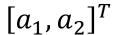
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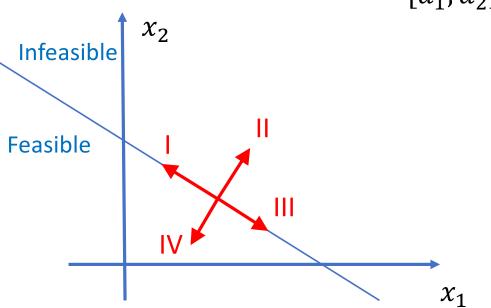
$$a_{4,1} x_1 + a_{4,2} x_2 \le b_4$$

What is the relationship between the half plane:

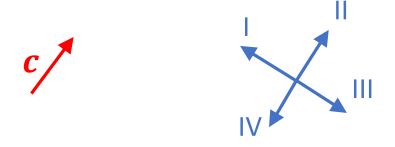
$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b_1$$

and the vector:





Given the cost vector $[c_1, c_2]^T$ and initial point $x^{(0)}$, Which unit vector step Δx will cause $x^{(1)} = x^{(0)} + \Delta x$ to have the lowest cost $c^T x^{(1)}$?



Cost Contours

Given the cost vector $[c_1, c_2]^T$ where will

$$c^{T}x = 0$$
?
 $c^{T}x = 1$?
 $c^{T}x = 2$?
 $c^{T}x = -1$?
 $c^{T}x = -2$?

As the magnitude of c increases, the distance between the contours lines of the objective $c^T x$:

A) Increases

B) Decreases