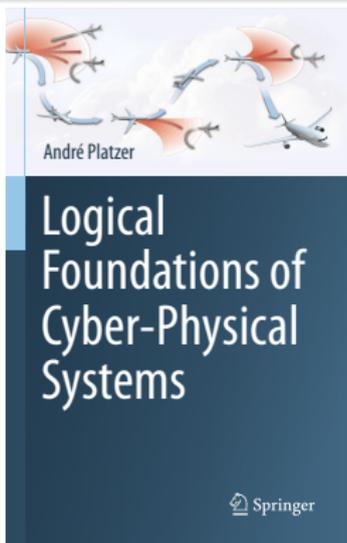


16: Winning & Proving Hybrid Games

Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems



Stefan Mitsch



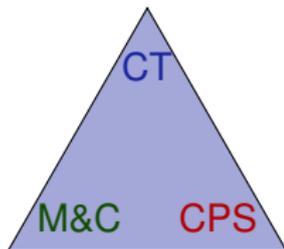
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- 3 Dynamic Axioms for Hybrid Games
 - Assignments
 - Differential Equations
 - Challenge Games
 - Choice Games
 - Sequential Games
 - Dual Games
 - Example Proof: Demon's Choice
- 4 Repetitions
 - Proofs for Loops
 - Example Proof: Dual Filibuster
 - Example Proof: Push-around Cart
- 5 Axiomatization
- 6 Summary

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Learning Objectives

Winning & Proving Hybrid Games

rigorous reasoning for adversarial dynamics
compositional reasoning from compositional semantics
modular addition of adversarial dynamics
axiomatization of dGL



analytical&semantical interaction
discrete+continuous+adversarial
fixpoints

CPS semantics
align semantics&reasoning
operational CPS effects

1 Learning Objectives

2 **Semantical Considerations**

3 Dynamic Axioms for Hybrid Games

- Assignments
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5 Axiomatization

6 Summary

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\alpha, \beta ::= x := e \mid ?Q \mid x' = f(x) \& Q \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha^* \mid \alpha^d$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$$P, Q ::= e \geq \tilde{e} \mid \neg P \mid P \wedge Q \mid \forall x P \mid \exists x P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P \mid [\alpha] P$$

Differential Game Logic: Syntax

Discrete
Assign

Test
Game

Differential
Equation

Choice
Game

Seq.
Game

Repeat
Game

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All
Reals

Some
Reals

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All
Reals

Some
Reals

Angel
Wins

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All
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Some
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Demon
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$P, Q ::= e \geq \tilde{e} \mid \neg P \mid P \wedge Q \mid \forall x P \mid \exists x P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P \mid [\alpha] P$

“Angel has Wings $\langle \alpha \rangle$ ”

All
Reals

Some
Reals

Angel
Wins

Demon
Wins

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{HG} \rightarrow (\wp(\mathcal{S}) \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S}))$

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta_{x:=e}(X) &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\} \\ \zeta_{x'=f(x)}(X) &= \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(r) \in X \text{ for some } \varphi:[0,r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}, \varphi \models x' = f(x)\} \\ \zeta_{?Q}(X) &= \llbracket Q \rrbracket \cap X \\ \zeta_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) &= \zeta_{\alpha}(X) \cup \zeta_{\beta}(X) \\ \zeta_{\alpha;\beta}(X) &= \zeta_{\alpha}(\zeta_{\beta}(X)) \\ \zeta_{\alpha^*}(X) &= \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \zeta_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\} \\ \zeta_{\alpha^d}(X) &= (\zeta_{\alpha}(X^c))^c \end{aligned}$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Fml} \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S})$

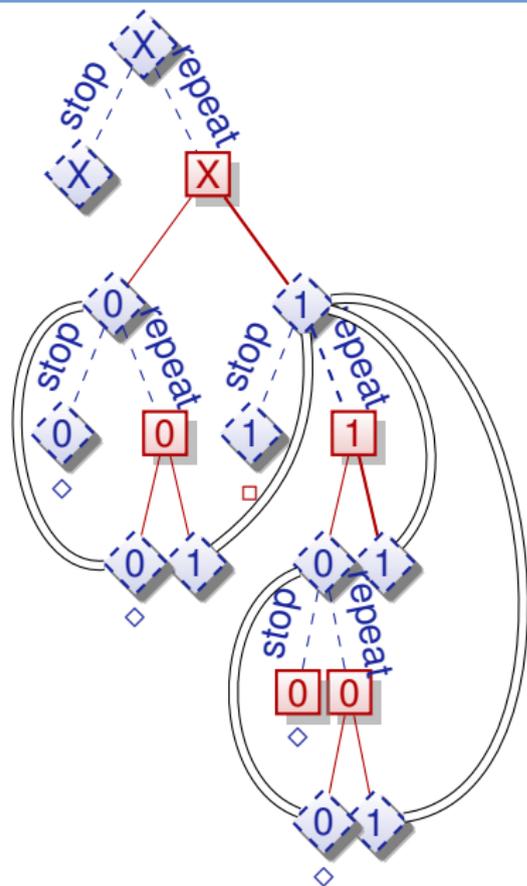
$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket e_1 \geq e_2 \rrbracket &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[e_1] \geq \omega[e_2]\} \\ \llbracket \neg P \rrbracket &= (\llbracket P \rrbracket)^c \\ \llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket &= \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket \\ \llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket &= \zeta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket) \\ \llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket &= \delta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket) \end{aligned}$$

Differential Game Logic: Axiomatization

Filibusters & The Significance of Finitude

$\langle (x := 0 \cap x := 1)^* \rangle x = 0$

$\stackrel{\text{wfd}}{\rightsquigarrow} \text{false unless } x = 0$



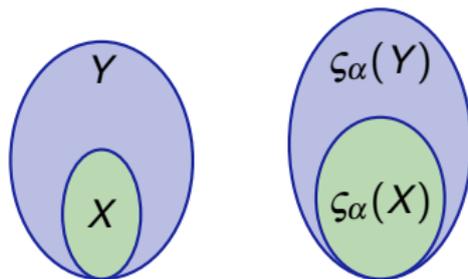
Consistency & Determinacy & Monotonicity

Theorem (Consistency & determinacy)

Hybrid games are consistent and determined, i.e., $\models \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P$.

Lemma (Monotonicity)

$\varsigma_\alpha(X) \subseteq \varsigma_\alpha(Y)$ and $\delta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \delta_\alpha(Y)$ for all $X \subseteq Y$



Consistency & Determinacy & Monotonicity

Theorem (Consistency & determinacy)

Hybrid games are consistent and determined, i.e., $\models \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P$.

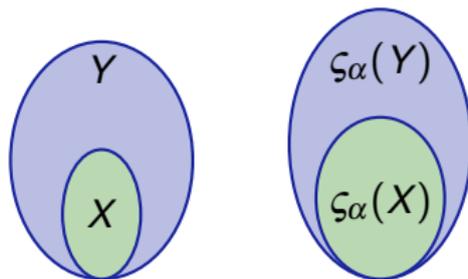
Corollary

Determined: At least one player wins: $\neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \rightarrow [\alpha]P$ so $\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \vee [\alpha]P$

Consistent: At most one player wins: $[\alpha]P \rightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$ so $\neg([\alpha]P \wedge \langle\alpha\rangle\neg P)$

Lemma (Monotonicity)

$\zeta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \zeta_\alpha(Y)$ and $\delta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \delta_\alpha(Y)$ for all $X \subseteq Y$



Consistency & Determinacy & Monotonicity

Theorem (Consistency & determinacy)

Hybrid games are consistent and determined, i.e., $\models \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P$.

Proof Sketch.

$$\zeta_{\alpha\cup\beta}(X^c)^c = (\zeta_\alpha(X^c) \cup \zeta_\beta(X^c))^c = \zeta_\alpha(X^c)^c \cap \zeta_\beta(X^c)^c = \delta_\alpha(X) \cap \delta_\beta(X) = \delta_{\alpha\cup\beta}(X) \quad \square$$

Lemma (Monotonicity)

$\zeta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \zeta_\alpha(Y)$ and $\delta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \delta_\alpha(Y)$ for all $X \subseteq Y$

Proof Sketch.

- $X \subseteq Y$ so $X^c \supseteq Y^c$ so $\zeta_\alpha(X^c) \supseteq \zeta_\alpha(Y^c)$ so $\zeta_{\alpha^d}(X) = (\zeta_\alpha(X^c))^c \subseteq (\zeta_\alpha(Y^c))^c = \zeta_{\alpha^d}(Y)$.
- $\zeta_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap\{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \zeta_\alpha(Z) \subseteq Z\} \subseteq \bigcap\{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : Y \cup \zeta_\alpha(Z) \subseteq Z\} = \zeta_{\alpha^*}(Y)$ because $X \subseteq Y$ □

Consistency & Determinacy & Monotonicity

Theorem (Consistency & determinacy)

Hybrid games are consistent and determined, i.e., $\models \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P$.

Lemma (Monotonicity)

$\zeta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \zeta_\alpha(Y)$ and $\delta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \delta_\alpha(Y)$ for all $X \subseteq Y$

Consistency & Determinacy & Monotonicity

Theorem (Consistency & determinacy)

Hybrid games are consistent and determined, i.e., $\models \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P$.

Corollary (Axiom: Determinacy)

$[\cdot] \quad [\alpha]P \leftrightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$

Lemma (Monotonicity)

$\zeta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \zeta_\alpha(Y)$ and $\delta_\alpha(X) \subseteq \delta_\alpha(Y)$ for all $X \subseteq Y$

Corollary (Rule: Monotonicity)

$M \quad \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{\langle\alpha\rangle P \rightarrow \langle\alpha\rangle Q} \quad M[\cdot] \quad \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{[\alpha]P \rightarrow [\alpha]Q}$

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$$\langle := \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow$$

$\zeta_{x:=e}(X)$



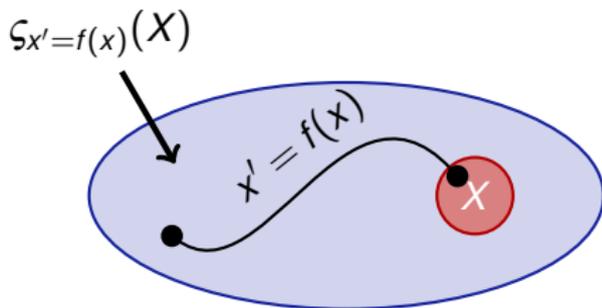
$$\langle ::= \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$\zeta_{x:=e}(X)$

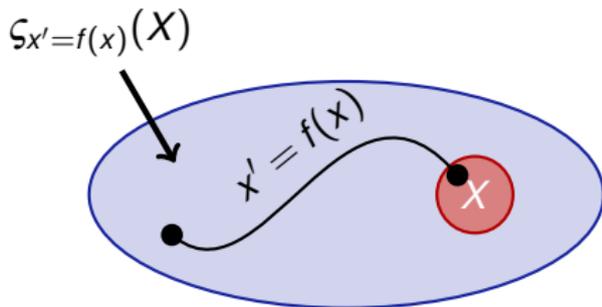


$\langle \! \langle ' \rangle \! \rangle \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow$

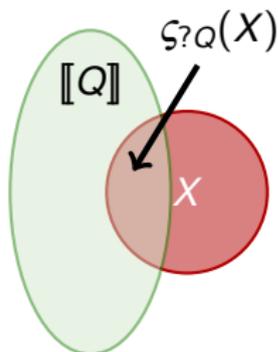
$(y'(t) = f(y))$



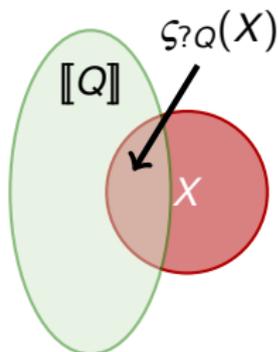
$$\langle \prime \rangle \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow \exists t \geq 0 \langle x := y(t) \rangle p(x) \quad (y'(t) = f(y))$$



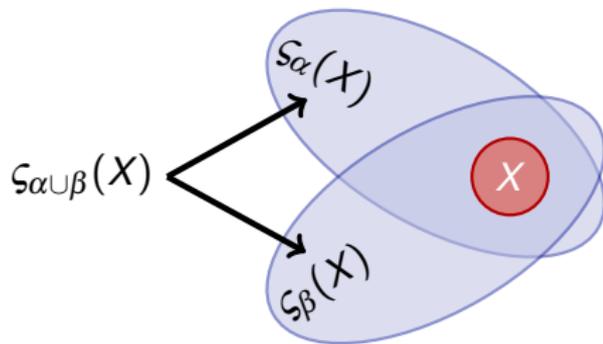
$\langle ? \rangle \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow$



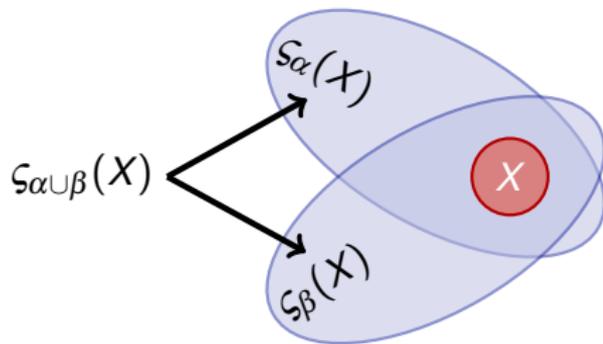
$$\langle ? \rangle \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow Q \wedge P$$



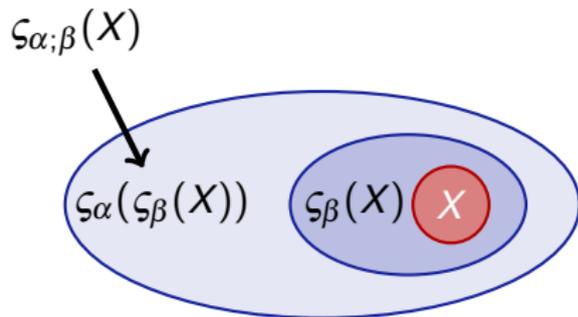
$$\langle U \rangle \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow$$



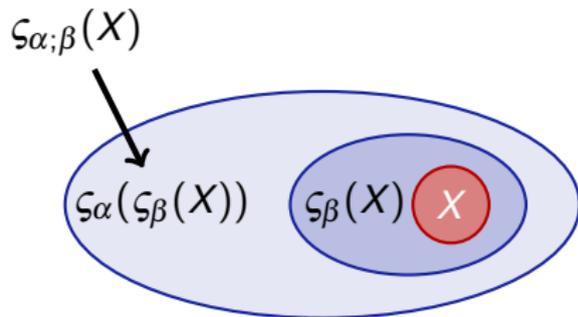
$$\langle U \rangle \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$



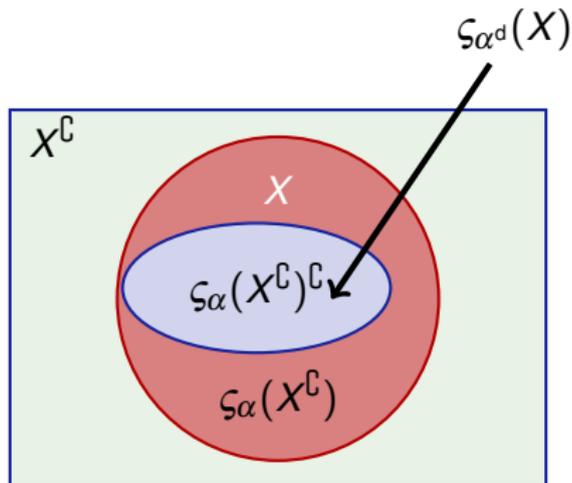
$\langle ; \rangle \langle \alpha; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow$



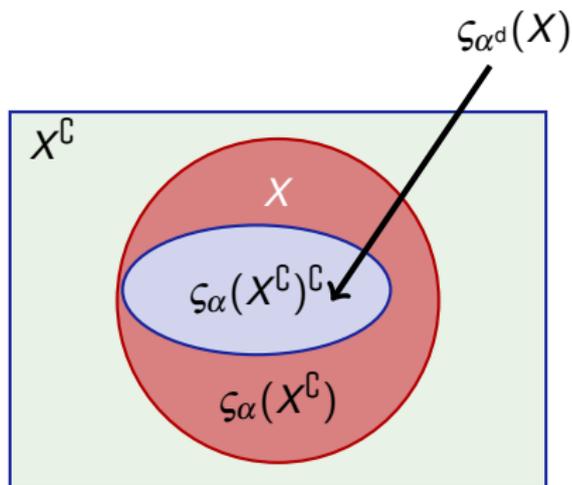
$$\langle ; \rangle \langle \alpha; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle P$$



$$\langle^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow$$



$$\langle^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$



Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\alpha \cap \beta \equiv (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d$$

$$\frac{\langle^d \rangle \vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}{\vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\langle^d \rangle \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \langle^U \rangle \frac{}{\vdash \neg \langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P} \\ \langle^d \rangle \frac{}{\vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P} \\ \hline \vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \end{array}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\langle U \rangle \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \langle^d \rangle \frac{}{\vdash \neg(\langle \alpha^d \rangle \neg P \vee \langle \beta^d \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P} \\ \langle U \rangle \frac{}{\vdash \neg \langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P} \\ \langle^d \rangle \frac{}{\vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P} \\ \vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \end{array}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\langle^d \rangle \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\frac{\vdash \neg(\neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg \neg P \vee \neg \langle \beta \rangle \neg \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}{\langle^d \rangle \vdash \neg(\langle \alpha^d \rangle \neg P \vee \langle \beta^d \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{\langle^U \rangle \vdash \neg \langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}{\langle^d \rangle \vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\frac{}{\vdash \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{}{\vdash \neg(\neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg \neg P \vee \neg \langle \beta \rangle \neg \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{\langle^d \rangle}{\vdash \neg(\langle \alpha^d \rangle \neg P \vee \langle \beta^d \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{\langle^U \rangle}{\vdash \neg \langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{\langle^d \rangle}{\vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$
$$\frac{}{\vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\begin{array}{l} * \\ \hline \vdash \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \vdash \neg(\neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg \neg P \vee \neg \langle \beta \rangle \neg \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^d \rangle \vdash \neg(\langle \alpha^d \rangle \neg P \vee \langle \beta^d \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^U \rangle \vdash \neg \langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^d \rangle \vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \end{array}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\begin{array}{c} * \\ \hline \vdash \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \vdash \neg(\neg\langle \alpha \rangle \neg\neg P \vee \neg\langle \beta \rangle \neg\neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^d \rangle \vdash \neg(\langle \alpha^d \rangle \neg P \vee \langle \beta^d \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^U \rangle \vdash \neg\langle \alpha^d \cup \beta^d \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \langle^d \rangle \vdash \langle (\alpha^d \cup \beta^d)^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \\ \hline \vdash \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P \end{array}$$

Derived axiom:

$$\langle \cap \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$[\cdot] \frac{}{\vdash [\alpha \cap \beta] P \leftrightarrow}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$[\cdot] \frac{}{\vdash [\alpha \wedge \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$[\cdot] \quad [\alpha]P \leftrightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$$

$$\frac{\langle\cap\rangle \quad \frac{}{\vdash \neg\langle\alpha\cap\beta\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}}{\vdash [\alpha\cap\beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}}{[\cdot] \quad \vdash [\alpha\cap\beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\langle n \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{\vdash \neg(\langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle \neg P)} \leftrightarrow [\alpha] P \vee [\beta] P}}{\langle n \rangle \vdash \neg \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha] P \vee [\beta] P}}{[\cdot] \vdash [\alpha \cap \beta] P \leftrightarrow [\alpha] P \vee [\beta] P}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{[\cdot]}{\vdash \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \vee \neg\langle\beta\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P} \\ \frac{\vdash \neg(\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \wedge \langle\beta\rangle\neg P) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}{\langle\cap\rangle \vdash \neg\langle\alpha \cap \beta\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P} \\ \frac{[\cdot]}{\vdash [\alpha \cap \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P} \end{array}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$[\cdot] \quad [\alpha]P \leftrightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$$

$$\frac{\vdash [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}{[\cdot] \vdash \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \vee \neg\langle\beta\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}$$
$$\frac{\vdash \neg(\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P \wedge \langle\beta\rangle\neg P) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}{\langle\cap\rangle \vdash \neg\langle\alpha \cap \beta\rangle\neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P}$$
$$[\cdot] \vdash [\alpha \cap \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\begin{array}{l} * \\ \hline \vdash [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline [\cdot] \vdash \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \vee \neg \langle \beta \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline \vdash \neg (\langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline \langle \cap \rangle \vdash \neg \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline [\cdot] \vdash [\alpha \cap \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \end{array}$$

Example: Demon's Choice Derives by Duality

$$\begin{array}{c} * \\ \hline \vdash [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline [\cdot] \vdash \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \vee \neg \langle \beta \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline \vdash \neg (\langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle \neg P) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline \langle \cap \rangle \vdash \neg \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle \neg P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \\ \hline [\cdot] \vdash [\alpha \cap \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P \end{array}$$

Derived axioms:

$$[\cap] [\alpha \cap \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \vee [\beta]P$$

$$\langle \cap \rangle \langle \alpha \cap \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \wedge \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$[\cdot] \quad [\alpha]P \leftrightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$$

$$\langle := \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$$\langle ' \rangle \quad \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow \exists t \geq 0 \langle x := y(t) \rangle p(x)$$

$$\langle ? \rangle \quad \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow Q \wedge P$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle ; \rangle \quad \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle P$$

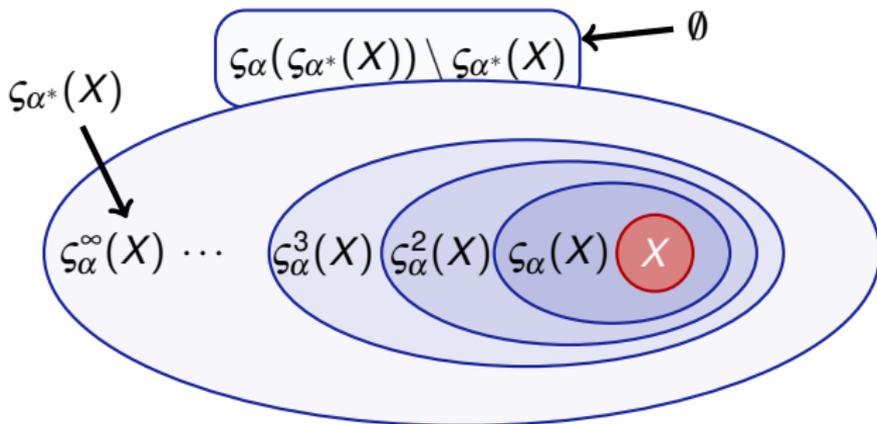
$$\langle ^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg\langle\alpha\rangle\neg P$$

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Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) = Z\}$$



Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

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$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X))$$

Proofs for Loops

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X))$$

Lemma (Axiom:)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

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Lemma (Axiom: Iteration)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

Proofs for Loops

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X))$$

Lemma (Axiom: Iteration)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

Lemma (Rule: Least Fixpoint)

$$FP \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

Proofs for Loops

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

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Lemma (Axiom: Iteration)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

Lemma (Rule: Least Fixpoint)

$$FP \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

Corollary (Derived Rule:)

$$loop \frac{}{P \rightarrow [\alpha^*]P}$$

Proofs for Loops

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathfrak{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathfrak{S}_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

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Lemma (Axiom: Iteration)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

Lemma (Rule: Least Fixpoint)

$$FP \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

Corollary (Derived Rule: Loop Invariant)

$$loop \frac{P \rightarrow [\alpha]P}{P \rightarrow [\alpha^*]P}$$

Proofs for Loops

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\zeta_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \zeta_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

$$\zeta_{\alpha^*}(X) = X \cup \zeta_{\alpha}(\zeta_{\alpha^*}(X))$$

Lemma (Axiom: Iteration)

$$\langle * \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

Lemma (Rule: Least Fixpoint)

$$FP \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

Corollary (Derived Rule: Loop Invariant)

$$loop \frac{P \rightarrow [\alpha]P}{P \rightarrow [\alpha^*]P}$$

Proof

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{\vdash P \rightarrow [\alpha]P}{\vdash P \rightarrow P \wedge [\alpha]P} \\ \frac{[\cdot] \vdash P \rightarrow P \wedge \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P}{\vdash \neg P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \rightarrow \neg P} \\ \frac{FP \vdash \langle \alpha^* \rangle \neg P \rightarrow \neg P}{\vdash P \rightarrow \neg \langle \alpha^* \rangle \neg P} \\ \frac{[\cdot] \vdash P \rightarrow [\alpha^*]P}{\vdash P \rightarrow [\alpha^*]P} \end{array}$$

Differential Game Logic: Axiomatization

$$[\cdot] \quad [\alpha]P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\langle := \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$$\langle ' \rangle \quad \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow \exists t \geq 0 \langle x := y(t) \rangle p(x)$$

$$\langle ? \rangle \quad \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow Q \wedge P$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$

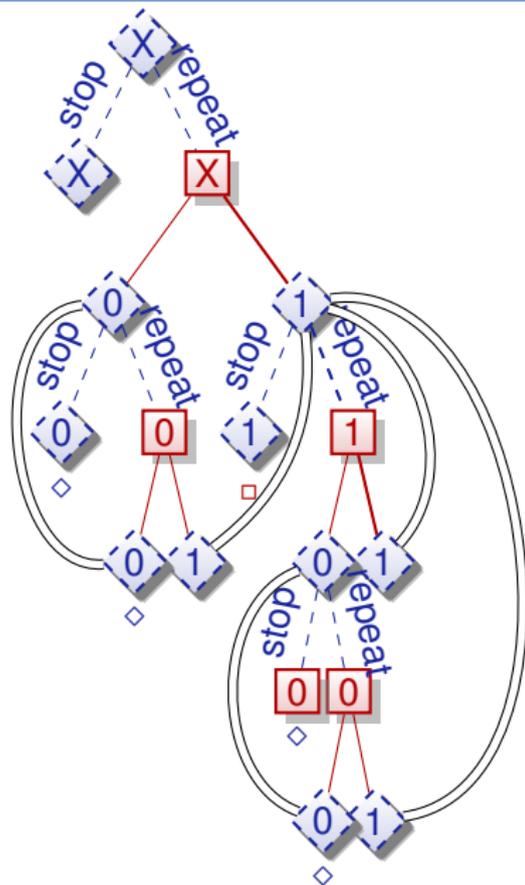
$$\langle ; \rangle \quad \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle * \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

$$\langle ^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

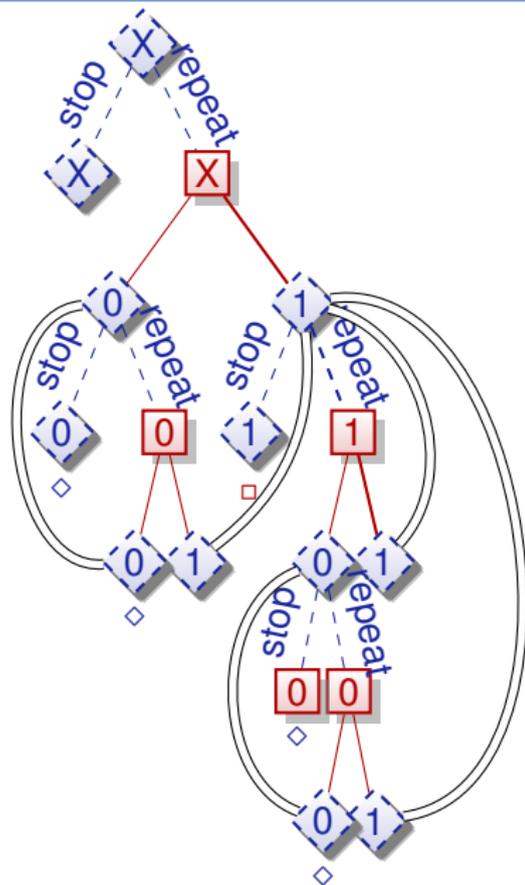
$$\text{M} \quad \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha \rangle P \rightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle Q}$$
$$\text{FP} \quad \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

$$\langle^d \rangle \frac{}{x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0}$$

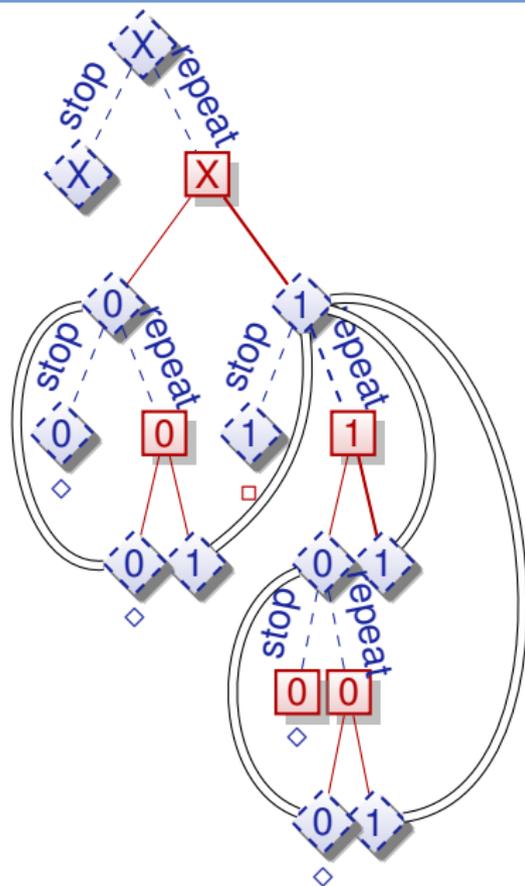


$$\text{ind} \frac{}{x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \wedge x := 1)^*] x = 0}$$

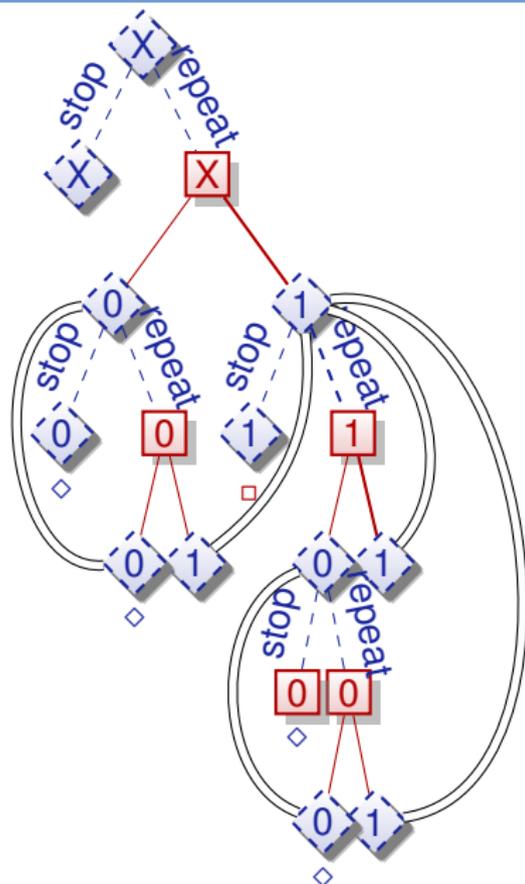
$$\langle^d \rangle \frac{}{x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \vee x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0}$$



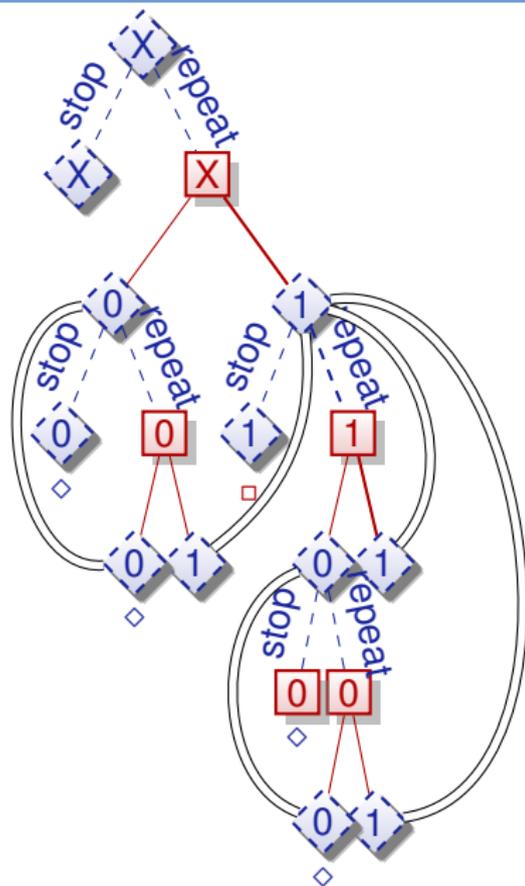
$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{[\cdot]}{x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \wedge x := 1]x = 0} \\
 \text{ind} \frac{x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \wedge x := 1)^*]x = 0}{x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0} \\
 \langle^d \rangle
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{}{\langle^d \rangle x = 0 \vdash \neg \langle x := 0 \wedge x := 1 \rangle \neg x = 0} \\
 \frac{[\cdot]}{x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \wedge x := 1] x = 0} \\
 \text{ind} \frac{}{x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \wedge x := 1)^*] x = 0} \\
 \langle^d \rangle \frac{}{x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \hline
 \langle \cup \rangle \quad x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \cup x := 1 \rangle x = 0 \\
 \hline
 \langle d \rangle \quad x = 0 \vdash \neg \langle x := 0 \cap x := 1 \rangle \neg x = 0 \\
 \hline
 [\cdot] \quad x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \cap x := 1] x = 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{ind} \quad x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \cap x := 1)^*] x = 0 \\
 \hline
 \langle d \rangle \quad x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0
 \end{array}$$

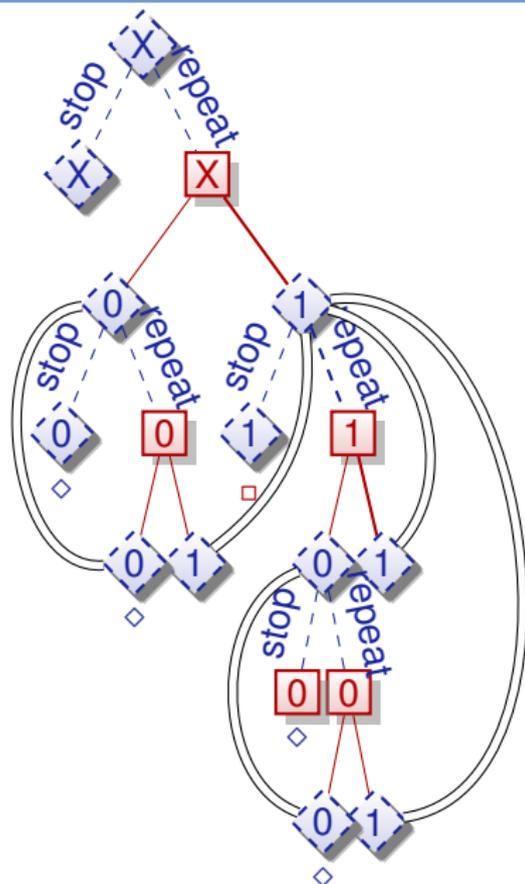


$$\frac{}{\langle := \rangle x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \rangle x = 0 \vee \langle x := 1 \rangle x = 0}$$

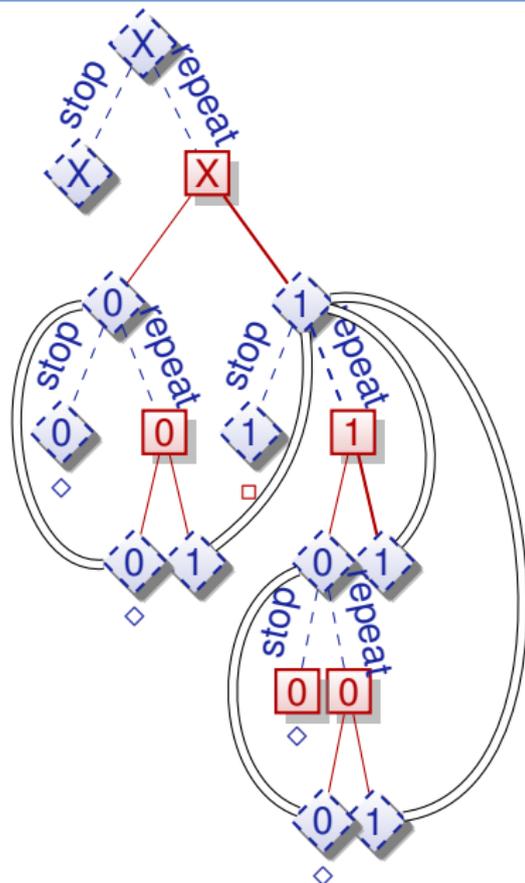
$$\frac{\langle \cup \rangle x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \cup x := 1 \rangle x = 0}{\langle d \rangle x = 0 \vdash \neg \langle x := 0 \cap x := 1 \rangle \neg x = 0}$$

$$\frac{[\cdot] x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \cap x := 1] x = 0}{\text{ind } x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \cap x := 1)^*] x = 0}$$

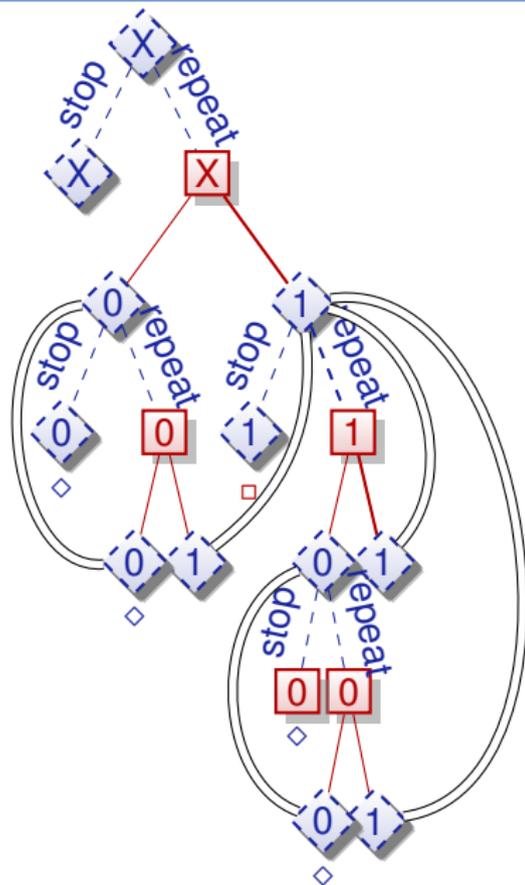
$$\frac{\langle d \rangle x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0$$

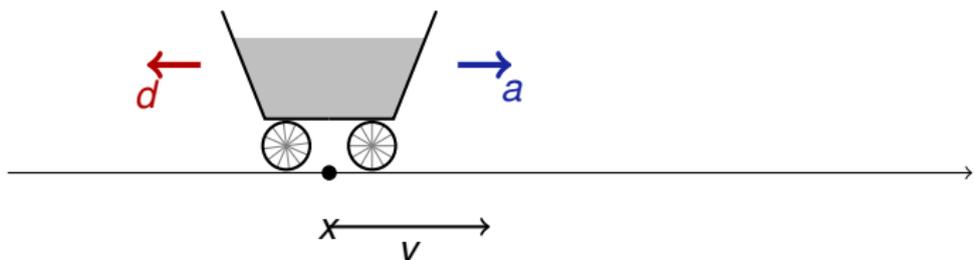


\mathbb{R}	$x = 0 \vdash 0 = 0 \vee 1 = 0$
$\langle := \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \rangle x = 0 \vee \langle x := 1 \rangle x = 0$
$\langle \cup \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \cup x := 1 \rangle x = 0$
$\langle ^d \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \neg \langle x := 0 \cap x := 1 \rangle \neg x = 0$
$[\cdot]$	$x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \cap x := 1] x = 0$
ind	$x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \cap x := 1)^*] x = 0$
$\langle ^d \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0$



*	$\mathbb{R} \quad x = 0 \vdash 0 = 0 \vee 1 = 0$
$\langle := \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \rangle x = 0 \vee \langle x := 1 \rangle x = 0$
$\langle \cup \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle x := 0 \cup x := 1 \rangle x = 0$
$\langle d \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \neg \langle x := 0 \cap x := 1 \rangle \neg x = 0$
$[\cdot]$	$x = 0 \vdash [x := 0 \cap x := 1] x = 0$
ind	$x = 0 \vdash [(x := 0 \cap x := 1)^*] x = 0$
$\langle d \rangle$	$x = 0 \vdash \langle (x := 0 \cup x := 1)^x \rangle x = 0$





$$\text{ind } \overline{J \vdash [((d := 1 \wedge d := -1); (a := 1 \vee a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*] x \geq 0}$$

$$\text{ind} \frac{[\cdot] \frac{J \vdash [(d:=1 \wedge d:= -1); (a:=1 \vee a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J}{J \vdash [((d:=1 \wedge d:= -1); (a:=1 \vee a:= -1); \{x'=v, v'=a+d\})^*] x \geq 0}}{J \vdash [((d:=1 \wedge d:= -1); (a:=1 \vee a:= -1); \{x'=v, v'=a+d\})^*] x \geq 0}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 [\cap] \frac{}{J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1] [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J} \\
 [;] \frac{}{J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J} \\
 \text{ind} \frac{}{J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*] x \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{VR,WR} \\
 \hline
 J \vdash [d := 1] [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J \vee [d := -1] \dots \\
 \hline
 [\cap] \\
 J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1] [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J \\
 \hline
 [;] \\
 J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}] J \\
 \hline
 \text{ind} \\
 J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*] x \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{[:=]} \quad \frac{J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J}{\vdash} \\
 \text{VR,WR} \quad \frac{J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \vee [d := -1] \dots}{\vdash} \\
 \text{[}\cap\text{]} \quad \frac{J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J}{\vdash} \\
 \text{[;]} \quad \frac{J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J}{\vdash} \\
 \text{ind} \quad \frac{J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*]x \geq 0}{\vdash}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x' = v, v' = a+1\}]J} \\
 \frac{[:=]}{J \vdash [d:=1][(a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J} \\
 \frac{\vee R, \vee R}{J \vdash [d:=1][(a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J \vee [d:=-1] \dots} \\
 \frac{[\cap]}{J \vdash [d:=1 \cap d:=-1][(a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J} \\
 \frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(d:=1 \cap d:=-1); (a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J} \\
 \frac{\text{ind}}{J \vdash [((d:=1 \cap d:=-1); (a:=1 \cup a:=-1); \{x'=v, v'=a+d\})^*]x \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{[U] \quad J \vdash [a := 1 \cup a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J}{[:] \quad J \vdash [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J} \\
 \frac{[:=] \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J}{\text{VR,WR} \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \vee [d := -1] \dots} \\
 \frac{[\cap] \quad J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J}{[:] \quad J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J} \\
 \text{ind} \quad J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*]x \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{[:=]}{J \vdash [a:=1][\{x' = v, v' = a+1\}]J \wedge [a:= -1][\{x' = v, v' = a+1\}]J}$$

$$\frac{[U]}{J \vdash [a:=1 \cup a:= -1][\{x' = v, v' = a+1\}]J}$$

$$\frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a+1\}]J}$$

$$\frac{[:=]}{J \vdash [d:=1][(a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J}$$

$$\frac{\text{VR,WR}}{J \vdash [d:=1][(a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J \vee [d:= -1] \dots}$$

$$\frac{[\cap]}{J \vdash [d:=1 \cap d:= -1][(a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J}$$

$$\frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(d:=1 \cap d:= -1); (a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x' = v, v' = a+d\}]J}$$

$$\frac{\text{ind}}{J \vdash [((d:=1 \cap d:= -1); (a:=1 \cup a:= -1); \{x'=v, v'=a+d\})^*]x \geq 0}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 J \vdash [\{x' = v, v' = 1 + 1\}]J \wedge [\{x' = v, v' = -1 + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad J \vdash [a := 1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \wedge [a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [\cup] \quad J \vdash [a := 1 \cup a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [;] \quad J \vdash [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 \vee R, \vee R \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \vee [d := -1] \dots \\
 \hline
 [\cap] \quad J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 [;] \quad J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 \text{ind} \quad J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*]x \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 J \vdash [\{x' = v, v' = 1 + 1\}]J \wedge [\{x' = v, v' = -1 + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad J \vdash [a := 1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \wedge [a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [U] \quad J \vdash [a := 1 \cup a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [;] \quad J \vdash [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 \text{VR,WR} \quad J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \vee [d := -1] \dots \\
 \hline
 [\cap] \quad J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 [;] \quad J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \\
 \hline
 \text{ind} \quad J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*]x \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

$$J \stackrel{\text{def}}{\equiv} x \geq 0 \wedge v \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{J \vdash [\{x' = v, v' = 1 + 1\}]J \wedge [\{x' = v, v' = -1 + 1\}]J}{[:=]} J \vdash [a := 1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \wedge [a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J \\
 \frac{[U]}{J \vdash [a := 1 \cup a := -1][\{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J} \\
 \frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + 1\}]J} \\
 \frac{[:=]}{J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J} \\
 \frac{VR, WR}{J \vdash [d := 1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J \vee [d := -1] \dots} \\
 \frac{[\cap]}{J \vdash [d := 1 \cap d := -1][(a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J} \\
 \frac{[;]}{J \vdash [(d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\}]J} \\
 \frac{ind}{J \vdash [((d := 1 \cap d := -1); (a := 1 \cup a := -1); \{x' = v, v' = a + d\})^*]x \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

$$J \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} x \geq 0 \wedge v \geq 0 \quad \frac{x \geq 0 \wedge v \geq 0 \vdash \forall t \geq 0 (x + vt + t^2 \geq 0 \wedge v + 2t \geq 0)}{[\cdot], [:=]} J \vdash [\{x' = v, v' = 1 + 1\}]J$$

$$\frac{x \geq 0 \wedge v \geq 0 \vdash \forall t \geq 0 (x + vt \geq 0 \wedge v \geq 0)}{[\cdot], [:=]} J \vdash [\{x' = v, v' = 0\}]J$$

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$$[\cdot] \quad \langle \alpha \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\langle := \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$$\langle ' \rangle \quad \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow \exists t \geq 0 \langle x := y(t) \rangle p(x)$$

$$\langle ? \rangle \quad \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow Q \wedge P$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle ; \rangle \quad \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle * \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

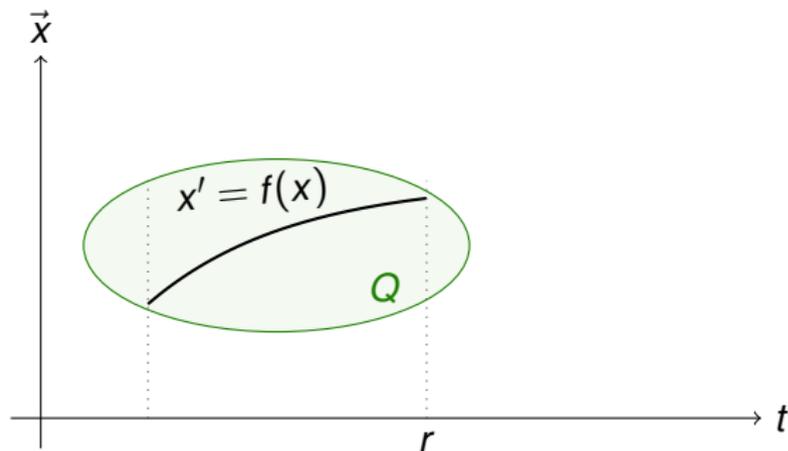
$$\langle ^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\text{M} \quad \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha \rangle P \rightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle Q}$$

$$\text{FP} \quad \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$

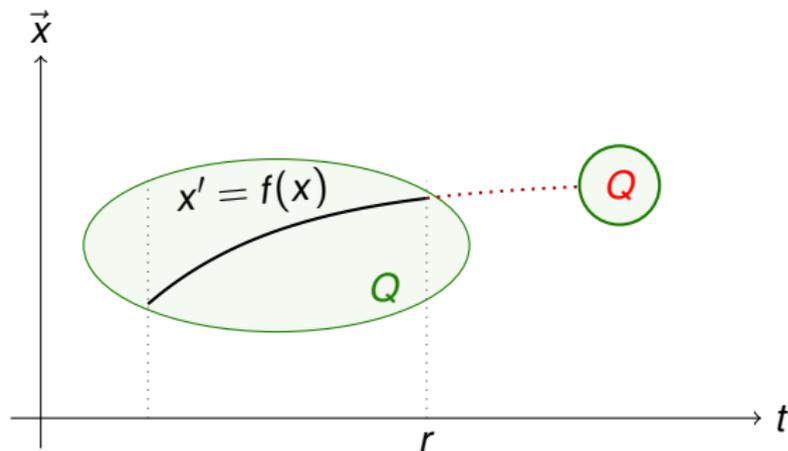
$$x' = f(x) \& Q$$

$$x' = f(x); ?(Q)$$



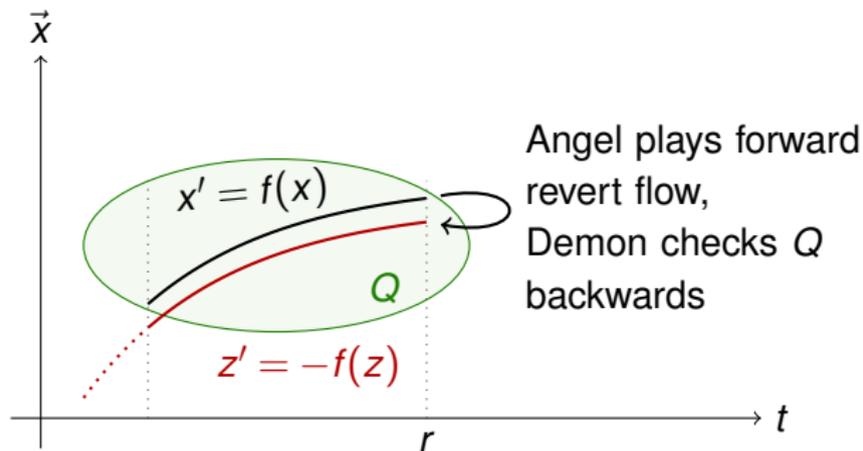
$$x' = f(x) \& Q$$

$$x' = f(x); ?(Q)$$



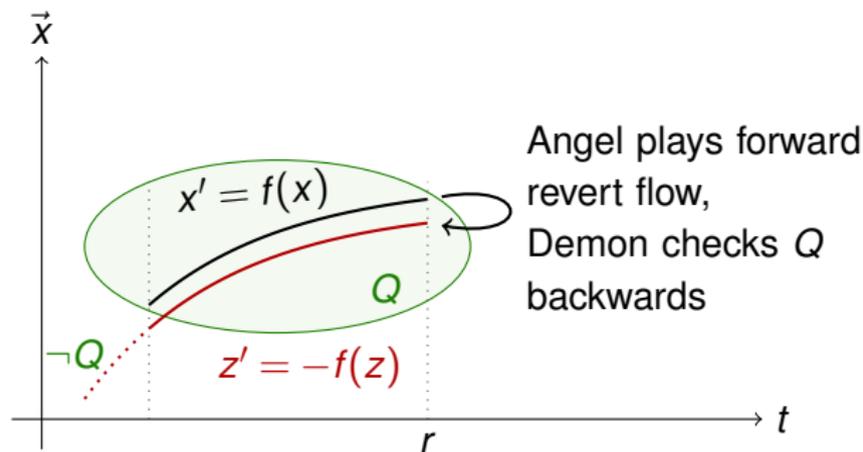
$$x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q$$

$$x' = f(x); (z := x; z' = -f(z))^d; ?(Q(z))$$

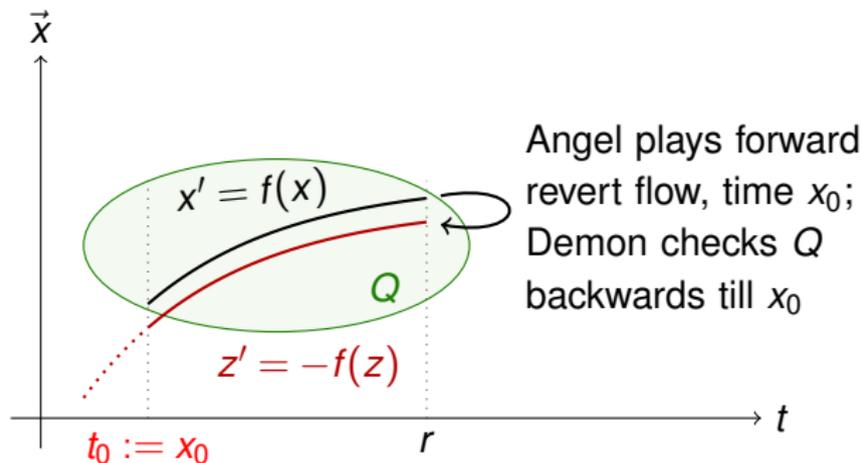


$$x' = f(x) \& Q$$

$$x' = f(x); (z := x; z' = -f(z))^d; ?(Q(z))$$

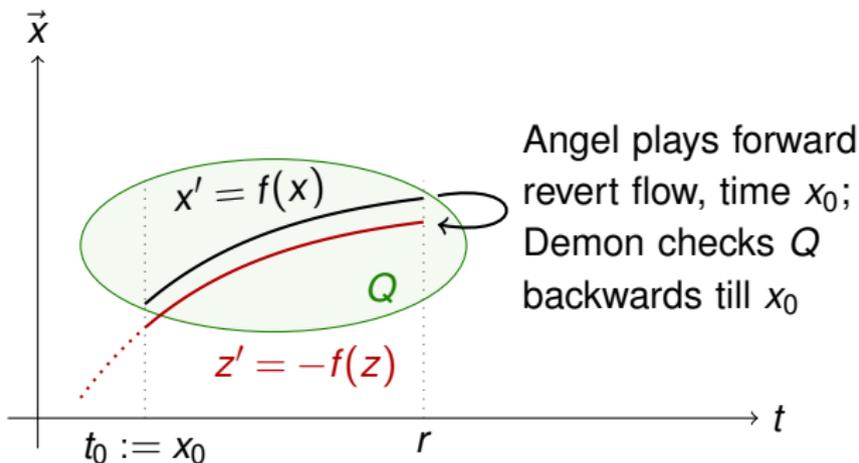


$$x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q \equiv t_0 := x_0; x' = f(x); (z := x; z' = -f(z))^d; ?(z_0 \geq t_0 \rightarrow Q(z))$$



“There and Back Again” Game

$x' = f(x) \& Q \equiv t_0 := x_0; x' = f(x); (z := x; z' = -f(z))^d; ?(z_0 \geq t_0 \rightarrow Q(z))$



Lemma

Evolution domains definable by games

- 1 Learning Objectives
- 2 Semantical Considerations
- 3 Dynamic Axioms for Hybrid Games
 - Assignments
 - Differential Equations
 - Challenge Games
 - Choice Games
 - Sequential Games
 - Dual Games
 - Example Proof: Demon's Choice
- 4 Repetitions
 - Proofs for Loops
 - Example Proof: Dual Filibuster
 - Example Proof: Push-around Cart
- 5 Axiomatization
- 6 Summary

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{HG} \rightarrow (\wp(\mathcal{S}) \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S}))$

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta_{x:=e}(X) &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\} \\ \zeta_{x'=f(x)}(X) &= \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(r) \in X \text{ for some } \varphi:[0,r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}, \varphi \models x' = f(x)\} \\ \zeta_{?Q}(X) &= \llbracket Q \rrbracket \cap X \\ \zeta_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) &= \zeta_{\alpha}(X) \cup \zeta_{\beta}(X) \\ \zeta_{\alpha;\beta}(X) &= \zeta_{\alpha}(\zeta_{\beta}(X)) \\ \zeta_{\alpha^*}(X) &= \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \zeta_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\} \\ \zeta_{\alpha^d}(X) &= (\zeta_{\alpha}(X^c))^c \end{aligned}$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Fml} \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S})$

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket e_1 \geq e_2 \rrbracket &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[e_1] \geq \omega[e_2]\} \\ \llbracket \neg P \rrbracket &= (\llbracket P \rrbracket)^c \\ \llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket &= \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket \\ \llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket &= \zeta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket) \\ \llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket &= \delta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket) \end{aligned}$$

Differential Game Logic: Axiomatization

$$[\cdot] \quad \langle \alpha \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\langle := \rangle \quad \langle x := e \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$$\langle ' \rangle \quad \langle x' = f(x) \rangle p(x) \leftrightarrow \exists t \geq 0 \langle x := y(t) \rangle p(x)$$

$$\langle ? \rangle \quad \langle ?Q \rangle P \leftrightarrow Q \wedge P$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \quad \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P \vee \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle ; \rangle \quad \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle P \leftrightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle P$$

$$\langle * \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^* \rangle P \leftrightarrow P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^* \rangle P$$

$$\langle ^d \rangle \quad \langle \alpha^d \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P$$

$$\text{M} \quad \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha \rangle P \rightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle Q}$$
$$\text{FP} \quad \frac{P \vee \langle \alpha \rangle Q \rightarrow Q}{\langle \alpha^* \rangle P \rightarrow Q}$$



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